County of Henry, Virginia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2015



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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1-9 and budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the political subdivision's net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability - VRS teacher retirement plan, schedule of employer contributions, and notes to required supplemental information on pages 70-87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements and other information section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Creedle. Jones : alga, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the County of Henry, Virginia presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the County of Henry, Virginia's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Highlights for Government-Wide Financial Statements

- At the close of the fiscal year, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County, excluding its Component Units, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$54,007,862. Of this amount, \$27,725,034 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- For the fiscal year, general and program revenues of the County's governmental activities were \$50,064,327 and expenses amounted to \$42,766,618. The County's total net position increased \$7,297,709.
- For business-type activities, revenues were \$224,641 and expenses were \$182,480. The net position increased by \$42,161.

Highlights for Fund Financial Statements

- As of June 30, 2015, the County's Governmental Funds reported combined fund balances of \$33,991,575, an increase of \$3,343,782 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 68.9 percent of the combined fund balances, \$23,427,588, is available to meet the County's current and future needs based on fund classifications explained in the notes to the financial statements.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$33,517,437, an increase of \$3,424,460 from June 30, 2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the County's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position: presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities. The difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources can be used as one way to measure the County's financial health or financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position can be one indicator of whether the County's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors will also need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County facilities.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>: presents information using the accrual basis accounting method and shows how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities from business-type activities identified as the primary government. The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and education. Philpott Marina activities represent the business-type activities.

Furthermore, the government-wide financial statements include legally separate entities, the school board and the Industrial Development Authority, for which the County is financially accountable. The County is the fiscal agent for the Henry-Martinsville Social Services, which is supported by funds from the Federal government, Commonwealth of Virginia, County General Fund, and the City of Martinsville, Virginia. Financial information for component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds rather than the County as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

The County has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances remaining at year end that are available for spending. The Governmental Funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided with the fund's financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Comprehensive Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Proprietary Funds – The County uses an Enterprise Fund which operates in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary Fund financial statements provide both long and short-term financial information.

Fiduciary Funds – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund presentation. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to support activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information such as budgetary comparison schedules and combining financial statements.

Governmental accounting and reporting standards also require reporting certain information about the County's other postemployment benefits as required supplementary information. The County has elected to include this information within the notes to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Summary of Net Position

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

					Total P	rimary	
	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Government		
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$39,040,992	\$32,939,130	\$ 23,163	\$ 13,797	\$39,064,155	\$32,952,927	
Capital assets (net)	40,821,378	41,793,467	1,304,173	1,276,494	42,125,551	43,069,961	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,548,868				1,548,868		
Total Assets and Deferred							
Outflows of Resources	\$81,411,238	\$74,732,597	\$ 1,327,336	\$1,290,291	\$82,738,574	\$76,022,888	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities	\$ 1,844,706	\$ 1,042,401	\$ 45,960	\$ 51,076	\$ 1,890,666	\$ 1,093,477	
Long-term liabilities	22,180,926	19,092,902		<u>-</u>	22,180,926	19,092,902	
Total Liabilities	24,025,632	20,135,303	45,960	51,076	24,071,592	20,186,379	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,377,744	136,743	-	-	3,377,744	136,743	
Net Position							
Net investment in							
capital assets	26,282,828	25,206,159	1,304,173	1,276,494	27,587,001	26,482,653	
Unrestricted	27,725,034	29,254,392	(22,797)	(37,279)	27,702,237	29,217,113	
Total Net Position	54,007,862	54,460,551	1,281,376	1,239,215	55,289,238	55,699,766	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources, and Net Position	\$81,411,238	\$74,732,597	\$ 1,327,336	\$1,290,291	\$82,738,574	\$76,022,888	

Note: Figures for 2014 are as originally presented with no changes related to the implementation of GASB 68 Pension Standards.

The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that counties, as well as their financial dependent component units, be financed under a single taxing structure. This results in counties issuing debt to finance capital assets, such as public schools, for their component units. For the purpose of this financial statement, the debt and correlating asset (or portion therefore) is recorded as an asset and long-term liability of the primary government. GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, requires that the primary government and its component units, which make up the total reporting entity, be accounted for separately on the face of the basic financial statements. The net position of the total financial reporting entity best represents the entity's financial position. In the case of the County's Primary Government reporting entity, assets exceeded liabilities by \$54,007,862 at June 30, 2015. The portion of the reporting entity's net position, \$26,282,828, reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment), less the outstanding debt associated with the asset acquisition.

Statement of Activities

The following table summarizes revenues and expenses for the primary government:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total P	rimary
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u> <u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 618,121	\$ 606,094	\$ 141,672	\$ 48,633	\$ 759,793	\$ 654,727
Grants and contributions	8,479,662	7,947,155	2,250	218,532	8,481,912	8,165,687
General Revenues						
General property taxes,						
real and personal	23,873,675	23,263,287	-	-	23,873,675	23,263,287
Other taxes	12,004,009	11,400,075	-	-	12,004,009	11,400,075
Noncategorical aid from						
state	4,261,284	4,320,361	-	-	4,261,284	4,320,361
Use of property	404,003	314,512	_	-	404,003	314,512
Investment earnings	337,956	327,489	_	-	337,956	327,489
Miscellaneous	85,617	79,281	_	4,438	85,617	83,719
Transfers in	_	-	80,719	785,971	80,719	785,971
Total Revenues	50,064,327	48,258,254	224,641	1,057,574	50,288,968	49,315,828
Expenses						
General government						
administration	2,399,547	2,844,334	-	-	2,399,547	2,844,334
Judicial administration	2,737,624	2,986,103	-	-	2,737,624	2,986,103
Public safety	13,444,771	13,525,442	-	-	13,444,771	13,525,442
Public works	3,845,173	3,407,640	-	-	3,845,173	3,407,640
Health and welfare	2,012,887	2,111,706	-	-	2,012,887	2,111,706
Education	13,135,006	15,913,386	-	-	13,135,006	15,913,386
Parks, recreation, and	4 020 084	4 000 222	400 400	100 000	2 442 464	2.025.240
cultural Community development	1,929,984 2,589,076	1,898,332 2,656,017	182,480	126,908	2,112,464 2,589,076	2,025,240 2,656,017
Interest on long-term debt	591,831	674,747			591,831	674,747
Transfers out	80,719	785,971	_	_	80,719	785,971
Hansiers out	00,719	765,971		<u>-</u>	00,719	765,971
Total Expenses	42,766,618	46,803,678	182,480	126,908	42,949,098	46,930,586
Increase in Net Position	7,297,709	1,454,576	42,161	930,666	7,339,870	2,385,242
increase in Net i Osition	1,291,109	1,434,370	42,101	930,000	7,555,670	2,303,242
Beginning Net Position (Restated)	46,710,153	53,152,546	1,239,215	1,700	47,949,368	53,154,246
Prior Period Adjustment		(146,571)		306,849		160,278
Ending Net Position	\$54,007,862	\$54,460,551	\$1,281,376	\$1,239,215	\$55,289,238	\$55,699,766

Note: Figures for 2014 are as originally presented with no changes related to the implementation of GASB 68 Pension Standards.

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$7,297,709 for fiscal year 2015. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$50,064,327. General property taxes comprise the largest source of these revenues, totaling \$23,873,675 or 47.7 percent of all governmental activities revenue. Business-type activities revenues totaled \$224,641 and expenses totaled \$182,480 increasing the net position by \$42,161.

The total cost of all governmental activities for this fiscal year was \$42,766,618. Public safety was the County's largest program with expenses totaling \$13,444,771. Education, which totals \$13,135,006, represents the second largest expense.

For the County's governmental activities, the net expense (total cost less fees generated by the activities and program-specific governmental aid) is illustrated in the following table:

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>				<u>20</u>	<u>014</u>
		Total Cost of Services	<u>0</u>	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
General government administration	\$	2,399,547	\$	(1,972,027)	\$ 2,844,334	\$ (2,405,268)
Judicial administration		2,737,624		(1,485,123)	2,986,103	(1,810,443)
Public safety		13,444,771		(7,464,737)	13,525,442	(7,786,147)
Public works		3,845,173		(3,695,298)	3,407,640	(3,234,372)
Health and welfare		2,012,887		(1,359,439)	2,111,706	(1,481,250)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,929,984		(1,889,117)	1,898,332	(1,849,405)
Community development		2,589,076		(1,995,538)	2,656,017	(2,309,440)
Education		13,135,006		(13,135,006)	15,913,386	(15,913,386)
Interest on long-term debt		591,831		(591,831)	674,747	(674,747)
Total	\$	42,685,899	\$	(33,588,116)	\$46,017,707	<u>\$ (37,464,458)</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As of June 30, 2015, the County's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$33,991,575. The unassigned fund balance is \$23,427,588 which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$23,427,588. The General Fund's liquidity can be measured by comparing unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 49.8 percent of total fund expenditures.

• The General Fund contributed operating funds to finance the component units as follows: \$15,719,422 School Board operations, \$1,020,048 to finance the Industrial Development Authority, and \$527,915 to the Social Services Board.

The Special Grant Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$223,117, all of which is assigned for ongoing and future grant projects.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund

The following table provides a comparison of original budget, final budget, and actual revenues and expenditures in the General Fund:

Budgetary Comparison

General Fund

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

2044

2015

		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>			
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 22,956,023	\$ 22,956,023	\$ 23,871,330	\$22,217,833	\$22,217,833	\$23,277,658	
Other	14,695,819	15,137,958	16,023,568	14,720,856	15,136,024	15,168,985	
Intergovernmental	10,117,663	14,772,032	11,475,765	10,150,968	15,402,396	11,061,054	
Total	47,769,505	52,866,013	51,370,663	47,089,657	52,756,253	49,507,697	
Expenditures	46,632,795	61,449,261	47,089,173	46,056,998	60,516,995	46,629,475	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,136,710	(8,583,248)	4,281,490	1,032,659	(7,760,742)	2,878,222	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			400.040				
Proceeds of capital leases	- (4.400.740)	- (4.470.004)	193,612	(4.000.050)	(4.045.050)	- (4.750.000)	
Transfers in (out)	(1,136,710)	(1,176,881)	(1,050,642)	(1,032,659)	(1,845,856)	(1,759,606)	
Total	(1,136,710)	(1,176,881)	(857,030)	(1,032,659)	(1,845,856)	(1,759,606)	
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	(9,760,129)	3,424,460	-	(9,606,598)	1,118,616	
Transfer from Surplus Funds		9,760,129			9,606,598		
Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 3,424,460	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,118,616	

Final amended budget revenues were more than the original budget by \$5,096,508.

The final amended budget appropriations for expenditures exceeded the original appropriation by \$14,816,466 primarily because appropriations carried forward on encumbrances, open grants, and incomplete capital projects plus additional money appropriated to the School Board.

Actual revenues were less than final budget amounts by \$1,495,350, or 2.8 percent, while actual expenditures were \$14,360,088, or 23.3 percent less than final budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2015, the County's net investment in capital assets totals \$26,282,828, which is net capital assets less related debt for governmental activities and \$1,304,173 for business-type activities.

During fiscal year 2015, the County's net capital assets (including additions, decreases, and depreciation) decreased \$223,491 for governmental activities, increased \$27,679 for business-type activities; decreased \$883,248 for the School Board; decreased \$635,555 for the IDA; and increased \$4,896 for Social Services as summarized in the following tables:

Change in Capital Assets

Primary Government

Governmental Activities

	Balance <u>July 1, 2014</u>	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance <u>June 30, 2015</u>
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,926,097	\$ -	\$ 2,926,097
Construction in process	242,685	(242,685)	-
Buildings and improvements	24,824,160	258,530	25,082,690
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	12,088,758	1,118,643	13,207,401
Total Capital Assets	40,081,700	1,134,488	41,216,188
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(21,721,046)	(1,357,979)	(23,079,025)
Total Capital Assets, Net Before Allocation of Schools	\$ 18,360,654	\$ (223,491)	18,137,163
Allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt			22,684,215
Total Capital Assets, Net			\$ 40,821,378

Business-Type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2014		Net Additions and Deletions		Balance June 30, 2015	
Land and land improvements	\$	51,876	\$	-	\$	51,876
Buildings and improvements		1,104,885		77,600		1,182,485
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles		137,158		3,000		140,158
Total Capital Assets		1,293,919		80,600		1,374,519
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(17,425)		(52,921)		(70,346)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,276,494	\$	27,679	\$	1,304,173

Component Units

School Board

	Balance July 1, 2014	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Land and land improvements	\$ 787,516	\$ -	\$ 787,516
Construction in process	1,770,841	(1,125,749)	645,092
Buildings and improvements	76,200,116	2,312,783	78,512,899
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	11,779,415	58,615	11,838,030
Total Capital Assets	90,537,888	1,245,649	91,783,537
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(43,208,986) (2,128,897)	(45,337,883)
Total Capital Assets, Net Before Allocation to County	\$ 47,328,902	\$ (883,248)	46,445,654
Allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt			(22,684,215)
Total Capital Assets, Net			\$ 23,761,439

Note: School Board fixed assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the Component Unit School Board. The County reports the School Board assets associated with outstanding debt on its books until the debt is paid off.

IDA

	Balance <u>July 1, 2014</u>		Net Additions and Deletions		Balance June 30, 2015	
Equipment	\$	4,446,364	\$		\$	4,446,364
Total Capital Assets		4,446,364		-		4,446,364
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(3,805,870)		(635,555)		(4,441,425)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	640,494	\$	(635,555)	\$	4,939

Henry-Martinsville Social Services

	Balance <u>July 1, 2014</u>		Net Additions and Deletions		Balance June 30, 2015	
Machinery and equipment	\$	246,959	\$	12,142	\$	259,101
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(200,815)		(7,246)		(208,061)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	46,144	\$	4,896	\$	51,040

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, the County's long-term obligations, excluding the Component Units, total \$17,038,202.

	Balance	Net Additions	Balance
	July 1, 2014	and Deletions	June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities			
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,075,121	\$ (1,506,282)	\$ 10,568,839
Capital leases	-	126,279	126,279
Literary Fund loans	2,320,687	(541,289)	1,779,398
Recovery Zone bonds	1,750,000	(85,000)	1,665,000
Landfill obligation	260,423	-	260,423
OPEB obligation (asset)	(17,187)	18,298	1,111
Compensated absences	2,245,171	(7,053)	2,238,118
LT Agreement	145,600	(19,200)	126,400
	18,779,815	(2,014,247)	16,765,568
Add: Premiums	295,900	(23,266)	272,634
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 19,075,715	\$ (2,037,513)	\$ 17,038,202

General obligation indebtedness must be approved by voter referendum prior to issuance except for debt incurred from the State Literary Fund or the Virginia Public School Authority.

More detailed information on the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 11 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The average unemployment rate for the County of Henry, Virginia in June 2015 was 7.3 percent, a decrease of 1.1 percent from June 2014. This compares unfavorably to the state's rate of 5.0 percent and the national rate of 5.3 percent.
- According to the 2010 U.S. Census, the population in Henry County, Virginia was 54,151, a
 decrease of 6.5%, since the 2000 U.S. Census. The latest estimate by University of Virginia
 Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service is a population of 53,560, a decrease of 1.09% from
 2010 U.S. census.
- The per capita income in Henry County, Virginia was \$32,546, compared to \$50,345 for the state, according to the latest available estimates from the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The fiscal year 2016 Adopted Budget anticipates General Fund revenues and expenditures to be \$48,701,248, a 1.95 percent increase over the fiscal year 2015 original budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the County of Henry, Director of Finance, P. O. Box 7, Collinsville, Virginia 24078-0007, telephone 276-634-4630, or visit the County's website at www.henrycountyva.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2015

	<u>Primary Government</u> Total				Component Units Industrial Henry-				
		Governmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type <u>Activities</u>	Primary Government	School <u>Board</u>	Development <u>Authority</u>		lartinsville ial Services
Assets	•		•		*	.		•	
Cash	\$	27,711,233	\$	200	\$ 27,711,433		\$ 414,303	\$	48,054
Cash - restricted		-		-	-	37,538	-		-
Receivables, net		5,685,840		391	5,686,231	743,667	2,184,345		3,489
Due from County of Henry, Virginia - primary government		2,876,544		-	2 076 544	506,530	-		-
Due from component units		2,876,544		- 11,415	2,876,544	-	-		-
Due from other funds Due from other governments/agencies		2,738,852		2,250	11,415 2,741,102	2,739,485	65,056		691,819
Inventory		28,523		8,907	37,430	2,739,403	28,198,070		091,019
Notes receivable		20,323		0,907	37,430	_	1,011,360		_
Net OPEB prepaid liability		_		_	_	88,475	1,011,000		81,140
Capital Assets						00,170			01,140
Land and construction in progress		2,926,097		49,571	2,975,668	1,432,558	_		_
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		37,895,281		1,254,602	39,149,883	22,328,831	4,939		51,040
Capital Assets, Net		40,821,378	_	1,304,173	42,125,551	23,761,389	4,939		51,040
Deferred Outflows of Resources		40,021,070		1,004,170	12,120,001	20,701,000	1,000		01,040
Deferred outflows - VRS pension liability		1,548,868		_	1,548,868	5,376,905	_		317,238
2 of the factor		.,0.0,000							011,200
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	81,411,238	\$	1,327,336	\$ 82,738,574	\$ 35,121,010	\$ 31,878,073	\$	1,192,780
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	604,420	\$	2,252	\$ 606,672	\$ 368,372	\$ 497,156	\$	-
Accrued payroll and other liabilities		243,983		3,108	247,091	3,903,392	-		37,970
Accrued interest		194,055		-	194,055	-	30,762		-
Claims payable		786,900		-	786,900	-	-		-
Unearned rents		-		40,600	40,600	-	-		-
Due to other governments/agencies		3,933		-	3,933	-	-		-
Due to other funds		11,415		-	11,415	-	-		-
Due to County of Henry, Virginia - primary government Long-Term Liabilities		-		-	-	-	2,677,682		705,392
Due within one year									
Bonds, loans, other		1,753,008		-	1,753,008	76,276	436,488		33,734
Due in more than one year									
Landfill obligation		234,381		-	234,381	-	-		-
Compensated absences		2,014,306		-	2,014,306	686,483	-		303,607
Net OPEB obligation		1,111		-	1,111	-	-		4 050 000
VRS net pension liability		5,142,724		-	5,142,724	58,791,730	4 265 400		1,053,329
Bonds, capital leases, and loans payable, net of premiums		13,035,396	_	<u>-</u>	13,035,396		4,365,188		-
Total Liabilities		24,025,632		45,960	24,071,592	63,826,253	8,007,276		2,134,032
Deferred Inflows of Resources		440.000			440.000	400 404	054.000		
Unexpended grants payable		118,922		-	118,922	163,484	251,299		-
Deferred inflows VRS net pension liability		3,258,822			3,258,822	9,882,428			667,469
Total Deferred Inflows Net Position		3,377,744		-	3,377,744	10,045,912	251,299		667,469
Net investment in capital assets		26,282,828		1,304,173	27,587,001	23,761,389	4,939		51,040
Unrestricted (deficit)		27,725,034		(22,797)	27,702,237	(62,512,544)	23,614,559		(1,659,761)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		54,007,862		1,281,376	55,289,238	(38,751,155)	23,619,498		(1,608,721)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	81,411,238	\$	1,327,336	\$ 82,738,574	\$ 35,121,010	\$ 31,878,073	\$	1,192,780
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County of Henry, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Program	Povonuos			Net (Expense) Revenue and C	<u>Janges in Net Po</u>	<u>Sition</u> Component Units	
		Program	Operating	Capital	Primar	y Government			Industrial	Henry-
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		School	Development	Martinsville
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>	<u>Board</u>	Authority	Social Services
Primary Government	<u>Lxperises</u>	<u>OCT VICES</u>	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	Activities	Activities	<u> 10tai</u>	<u> Doar u</u>	Authority	Occidi dei vices
Governmental Activities										
General government administration	\$ 2,399,547	\$ 51,553	\$ 375,967	\$ -	\$ (1,972,027)		\$ (1,972,027)			
Judicial administration	2,737,624	119,685	1,132,816	Ψ -	(1,485,123)		(1,485,123)			
Public safety	13,444,771	277,061	5,702,973	_	(7,464,737)		(7,464,737)			
Public works	3,845,173	128,955	20,920	_	(3,695,298)		(3,695,298)			
Health and welfare	2,012,887	-	653,448	_	(1,359,439)		(1,359,439)			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,929,984	40,867	-	_	(1,889,117)		(1,889,117)			
Community development	2,589,076	-	593,538	-	(1,995,538)		(1,995,538)			
Education - local school	13,082,539	-	-	-	(13,082,539)		(13,082,539)			
Education - community college	52,467	-	-	-	(52,467)		(52,467)			
Interest on long-term debt	591,831	-	-	-	(591,831)		(591,831)			
Total Governmental Activities	42,685,899	618,121	8,479,662		(33,588,116)		(33,588,116)			
Business-Type Activities	,000,000	0.0,	0, 0,002		(00,000,1.0)		(00,000,10)			
Philpott Marina										
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	182,480	141,672	2,250	_		\$ (38,558)	(38,558)			
Total Business-Type Activities	182,480	141,672	2,250			(38,558)	(38,558)			
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 42,868,379</u>	\$ 759,793	\$ 8,481,912	<u> </u>			(33,626,674)			
Component Units										
School Board										
Instruction	\$ 43,013,379	\$ 569,906	\$ 45,851,740	\$ -				\$ 3,408,267		
Administration, attendance, and health	2,597,825	-	-	-				(2,597,825)		
Pupil transportation	5,082,583	-	-	-				(5,082,583)		
Operation and maintenance	5,339,528	-	-	-				(5,339,528)		
School food service - cafeterias	4,369,642	809,329	3,389,567	-				(170,746)		
Special grants	7,694,281	-	7,694,281	-				-		
Facilities	1,788,503	-	-	-				(1,788,503)		
Technology	2,055,855							(2,055,855)		
Total School Board	71,941,596	1,379,235	56,935,588	-				(13,626,773)		
Industrial Development Authority										
Economic development	4,019,952	-	-	-					\$ (4,019,952)	
Interest	127,120		10,447,328						10,320,208	
Total Industrial Development Authority	4,147,072	-	10,447,328	-					6,300,256	
Henry-Martinsville Social Services										
Health and welfare	5,926,903	-	5,619,130	-						\$ (307,773)
Total - Component Units		\$ 1,379,235	\$ 73,002,046	\$ -						(307,773)
	General Revenues			*						(, -,
	Unrestricted	•								
	General prope	erty taxes			23,873,675	_	23,873,675	_		_
	Other local tax				12,004,009	_	12,004,009	_		_
		ounty of Henry, Vir	rainia		-	_		13,082,539	1,020,048	527,915
	Use of proper		giina		404,003	_	404,003	112,974	761,004	-
	Investment in	•			337,956	_	337,956	15,981	70,752	_
	Miscellaneous				85,617	_	85,617	880,850		28,089
		al aid from state			4,261,284	_	4,261,284	-	2,956,885	-
	Transfers in (out)				(80,719)	80,719	, - ,—	-	-	-
		eral Revenues an	d Transfers		40,885,825	80,719	40,966,544	14,092,344	4,808,689	556,004
	Change in Net Pos				7,297,709	42,161	7,339,870	465,571	11,108,945	248,231
	Net Position (Defic		Vear (Restated)		46,710,153	1,239,215	47,949,368	(39,216,726)	12,510,553	(1,856,952)
	· ·		iodi (itesiaied)							
	Net Position (Defic	ang - ⊑nd or year			\$ 54,007,862	\$ 1,281,376	\$ 55,289,238	<u>\$ (38,751,155)</u>	\$ 23,619,498	<u>\$ (1,608,721)</u>

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2015

		Comprehensive						Fieldale		Special		Total	
	General		Services		-911 Central	Law		Sanitary		Grant		Go	vernmental
	<u>Fund</u>		Act Fund	D	ispatch Fund	<u>Lik</u>	orary Fund	Dis	trict Fund	Pro	<u>ojects Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Assets													
Cash	\$26,512,624	\$	5,682	\$	-	\$	-	\$	130,261	\$	-	\$	26,648,567
Receivables - net													
Taxes	1,544,429		-		-		-		-		-		1,544,429
Licenses	48,862		-		-		-		-		-		48,862
Accounts	1,402,147		11,993		9		1,634		-		-		1,415,783
Due from other funds	1,606,960		-		-		124,808		-		63,301		1,795,069
Due from component units	3,516,570		-		-		-		-		-		3,516,570
Due from other governments/agencies	1,908,956		287,112		370,003		-		-		172,781		2,738,852
Inventory	28,523			_									28,523
Total Assets	\$36,569,071	\$	304,787	\$	370,012	\$	126,442	\$	130,261	\$	236,082	\$	37,736,655
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 537,371	\$	54,435	\$	1,391	\$	892	\$	1,571	\$	8,760	\$	604,420
Accrued liabilities	228,751		636		14,596		-		-		-		243,983
Due to other governments/agencies	3,933		-		-		-		-		-		3,933
Due to other funds	199,524		249,716		354,025		-		3,219		_		806,484
Due to component units	640,026								_				640,026
Total Liabilities	1,609,605		304,787		370,012		892		4,790		8,760		2,298,846
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Unavailable revenue - unearned grants	114,717		-		-		-		-		4,205		118,922
Unavailable revenue - taxes and licenses	1,327,312			_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						1,327,312
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,442,029		-		-		-		-		4,205		1,446,234
Fund Balances													
Nonspendable fund balance	28,523		-		-		-		-		-		28,523
Restricted fund balance	623,684		-		-		125,550		125,471		-		874,705
Committed fund balance	3,874,559		-		-		-		-		-		3,874,559
Assigned fund balance	5,563,083		-		-		-		-		223,117		5,786,200
Unassigned fund balance	23,427,588		<u> </u>	_	_						<u>-</u>		23,427,588
Total Fund Balances	33,517,437		<u>-</u>	_		_	125,550		125,471		223,117		33,991,575
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows													
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$36,569,071	\$	304,787	\$	370,012	\$	126,442	\$	130,261	\$	236,082	\$	37,736,655

\$ 54,007,862

County of Henry, Virginia

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		\$ 33,991,575
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Land and construction in progress School assets associated with debt held by County Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation Furniture, equipment, and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,764,657 22,684,215 11,335,490 4,037,016	
Total Capital Assets	1,007,010	40,821,378
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Unavailable revenue - taxes and licenses		1,327,312
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,548,868 (3,258,822)	
Total Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources		(1,709,954)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health insurance benefits to individual funds and the component units. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,952,532
Liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position are as follows: Bonds, capital leases, and notes payable with related premiums Accrued interest payable OPEB (obligation) asset Net VRS pension liability Landfill closure and post-closure liability Compensated absences	(14,538,550) (194,055) (1,111) (5,142,724) (260,423) (2,238,118)	
Total		(22,374,981)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Fieldale	Special	Total
	General	Comprehensive	E-911 Central	Law	Sanitary	Grant	Governmental
Revenues	<u>Fund</u>	Services Act Fund	Dispatch Fund	Library Fund	District Fund	Projects Fund	<u>Funds</u>
General property taxes	\$23,871,330	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,871,330
Other local taxes	12,004,009	-	-	-	-	-	12,004,009
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	61,302	-	-	-	-	-	61,302
Fines and forfeitures	191,984	_	_	-	-	-	191,984
Use of money and property	734,155	-	_	_	835	-	734,990
Charges for services	355,934	_	_	8,901	-	_	364,835
Miscellaneous	85,617	_	_	-	_	_	85,617
Recovered costs	2,590,567	51,369	345,275	6,002	_	38,660	3,031,873
Intergovernmental	_,000,00.	0.,000	0.0,2.0	0,002		23,233	0,001,010
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	10,491,874	559,775	349,093	_	_	_	11,400,742
Revenue from the Federal Government	983,891	-	-	_	_	356,313	1,340,204
November Foundation Covernment							1,010,201
Total Revenues	51,370,663	611,144	694,368	14,903	835	394,973	53,086,886
Expenditures							
Current							
General government administration	3,237,857	-	-	-	-	-	3,237,857
Judicial administration	2,800,420	-	-	15,183	-	-	2,815,603
Public safety	13,572,460	_	1,467,556	-	-	-	15,040,016
Public works	3,486,384	_	-	_	17,890	-	3,504,274
Health and welfare - social services component unit	527,915	-	_	_	-	-	527,915
Health and welfare	797,831	889,579	_	_	_	_	1,687,410
Education - community college	52,467	-	_	_	_	_	52,467
Education - school board component unit	15,719,422	_	_	_	_	_	15,719,422
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,805,145	_	_	_	_	_	1,805,145
Community development - IDA component unit	1,020,048	_	_	_	_	_	1,020,048
Community development	1,980,336	_	_	_	_	376,616	2,356,952
Nondepartmental	83,661	_	_	_	_	-	83,661
Debt service	00,001						00,001
Principal	822,333	_	_	_	_	_	822,333
Interest	18,875						18,875
Capital outlay	1,164,019	_	_	_	_	_	1,164,019
Capital Outlay							1,104,019
Total Expenditures	47,089,173	889,579	1,467,556	15,183	17,890	376,616	49,855,997
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,281,490	(278,435)	(773,188)	(280)	(17,055)	18,357	3,230,889
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds of capital leases	193,612	_	_	_	_	_	193,612
Transfers in	-	278,435	690,331	_	_	1,157	969,923
Transfers out	(1,050,642)		-	_	_		(1,050,642)
Translette dat	(1,000,012)						(1,000,012)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(857,030)	278,435	690,331			1,157	112,893
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,424,460	-	(82,857)	(280)	(17,055)	19,514	3,343,782
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	30,092,977		82,857	125,830	142,526	203,603	30,647,793
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$33,517,437	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 125,550	\$ 125,471	\$ 223,117	\$ 33,991,575

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Year Ended June 30, 2015			
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	3,343,782
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.			
Net capital outlays and dispositions of assets Depreciation expense	\$ 1,521,279 (1,744,770		(223,491)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the fund statements. This negative amount represents that there were additional amounts deferred in the prior year which were recorded as revenue in the fund statements in the current year, but had already been recognized in the Statement of Activities during the previous year.			2,345
Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in Governmental Funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, the repayment of principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position.			
Tower lease	19,200)	
Repayment of principal and adjustment to bond premiums	2,029,558		
Change in accrued interest	35,906	<u> </u>	0.004.004
Net Adjustment			2,084,664
Change in allocation of school's capital assets (new school buildings) that have debt held and payable by the County associated with the buildings.			
Change in net school assets allocated to County	(748,598	3)	
go an agreement and a contract the contract and a c	(* 10,000	_/	(748,598)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures.			, , ,
However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits			
earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. Pension contributions	1,548,868)	
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	(651,148		
• •		_′	897,720
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health			
insurance benefits.			1,952,532
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following:			
OPEB obligation	(18,298	3)	
Compensated absences	7,053	<u>3</u>	
Net Adjustment			(11,245)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$</u>	7,297,709

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

At June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - <u>Enterprise Fund</u> Philpott Marina <u>Fund #51</u>		Internal ervice Fund elf-insurance Fund #58
Assets			
Current Assets Cash	\$ 200) \$	1,062,666
Receivables, net	э 200 39	-	2,676,766
Inventory	8,90		2,070,700
Due from Federal Government	2,250		_
Due from General Fund	11,41		_
Due nom General i und		<u> </u>	
Total Current Assets	23,163	3	3,739,432
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets, net	1,304,173	3 _	<u>-</u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,304,17	3 _	
Total Assets	\$ 1,327,330	э Ф	2 720 422
Total Assets	\$ 1,327,330	<u>\$</u>	3,739,432
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,252	2 \$	-
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	3,108	3	-
Claims payable		-	786,900
Due to General Fund		-	1,000,000
Unearned rents	40,600	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total Current Liabilities	45,960	<u>) </u>	1,786,900
Total Liabilities	45,960)	1,786,900
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	1,304,173	3	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(22,79	<u>'</u>) _	1,952,532
Total Net Position	1,281,370	<u> </u>	1,952,532
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,327,336	<u>\$</u>	3,739,432

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Philpott Marina Fund #51	Internal Service Fund Self-insurance Fund #58
Operating Revenues Charges for services, premiums collected Charges for services, net - fuel and store sales Charges for services, net - rentals Federal operating grant	\$ - 78,539 63,133 2,250	\$ 11,460,802 - - -
Total Operating Revenues	143,922	11,460,802
Operating Expenses Personal services Fringe benefits Repairs and maintenance Food and store purchases for resale Fuel purchases for resale Utilities Advertising Office expenses Insurance Other supplies and charges Small construction and equipment purchases Depreciation Insurance claims paid and transaction fees Total Operating Expenses	47,619 5,306 3,982 15,032 41,035 9,529 250 2,230 788 155 3,633 52,921	- - - - - - - 9,515,239
Operating Income (Loss)	(38,558)	1,945,563
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest income Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		6,969 6,969
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(38,558)	1,952,532
Operating Transfers In	80,719	-
Net Operating Transfers	80,719	
Change in Net Position	42,161	1,952,532
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,239,215	-
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,281,376	\$ 1,952,532

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2015

		ess-Type ivities -		Internal
		rise Fund	Se	Internal rvice Fund
		ott Marina		If-insurance
	<u>Fu</u>	nd #51		Fund #58
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers	\$	146,349	\$	11,460,802
Payments for personnel and related costs		(53,168)		-
Payments to suppliers and other operating costs		(83,435)		(11,405,105)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		9,746		55,697
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Net transfers from other funds		70,854		1,000,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		70,854		1,000,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases and construction of capital assets		(80,600)		
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(80,600)		-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest income		<u>-</u>		6,969
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities				6,969
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		1,062,666
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		200		<u>-</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	200	\$	1,062,666
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(38,558)	\$	1,945,563
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Depreciation expense		52,921		-
Changes in assets and liabilities Receivables, net		3,810		(2,676,766)
Due from Federal Government		(2,250)		(2,070,700)
Inventory		(1,060)		_
Accounts payable		(5,741)		-
Accrued expenses and payroll liabilities		(243)		786,900
Unearned rents		867		<u>-</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	9,746	\$	55,697

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Agency Funds

			Gate	eway			
	Special		Streetscape		Jail	OPEB	
	W	<u>elfare</u>	Founda	tion, Inc.	<u>Inmate</u>	<u>Trust</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets							
Cash	\$	3,998	\$	64,454	\$ 78,702	\$1,991,834	\$2,138,988
Due from other governmental unit		-		6,912	-	-	6,912
Capital assets, net				2,586			2,586
Total Assets	\$	3,998	\$	73,952	\$ 78,702	\$1,991,834	\$2,148,486
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued							
expenses	\$	-	\$	6,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,074
Amounts held for others		3,998	-	67,878	78,702	1,991,834	2,142,412
Total Liabilities	\$	3,998	\$	73,952	\$ 78,702	\$1,991,834	\$2,148,486

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Narrative Profile

The County of Henry, Virginia (the "County") has a population of approximately 54,151 living within an area of 382 square miles. The County is located in the foothills of the Blue Ridge Mountains, in the southern Piedmont region of Virginia. The borders are shared with Patrick County to the west, Franklin County to the north, Pittsylvania County to the east, and the North Carolina line to the south.

The County was named for Patrick Henry, who lived there from 1780 to 1784. They originally were part of Pittsylvania County, but then went on their own in 1777.

The County of Henry, Virginia (the "County") is governed under the County Administration-Board of Supervisors form of government. The County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation, and cultural, community development, and education.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

1-A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Henry, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

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Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Units

Henry County School Board

Henry County School Board (the "School Board") is organized as an independently governed school system for operating the public schools in the County. Citizens of the County elect school board members. The School Board is financially dependent on appropriations by the County Board of Supervisors for current operations, with any surplus funds returned to the County annually. In addition, major capital improvements are financed by long-term debt issued by the County. In accordance with requirements of the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the School Board is considered to be a major component unit of the County. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and the School Board governmental fund combining statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section.

Industrial Development Authority of Henry County, Virginia

The Industrial Development Authority of Henry County, Virginia (the "IDA") operates as an enterprise activity by assisting local industry with bond financing. The IDA is a legally separate organization; however, the Board of Supervisors of the County appoints all of the IDA's Board, and the County is legally obligated for the debts of the IDA. The IDA is presented as a discretely presented component unit for reporting purposes. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position and the governmental fund statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section.

Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board

The Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board (the "HMSS") operates the Department of Social Services for both the County and the City. This joint entity was established June 1, 1997. Of the nine Board members, the County appoints six. The County is financially accountable for HMSS because it appoints a majority of the Board members and because the County is legally obligated to finance the deficits of, and provide financial support to, the Board. The County and the City have an agreement in which the City will reimburse the County for their share of administrative, operating, and maintenance costs that are unreimbursed by state or federal grants. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the governmental fund statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section. These entities are collectively included and referred to as the "County."

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity

Related Organization

Henry County Public Service Authority

The primary function of Henry County Public Service Authority (the "HCPSA") is to provide water and sewer services to areas of the County. The HCPSA Board of Directors approves its own budget and maintains oversight of all programs. Most of the funding for HCPSA comes from state and federal grants as well as

from charges for services. The County provides some financial assistance, but HCPSA is not financially dependent on the County. The Board of Supervisors appoints a Board member to the HCPSA from each County district. While not a component unit of the County, HCPSA is considered to be a related organization since the County has determinable ongoing financial interests in or responsibilities for HCPSA. The County contributed \$406,800 to the Authority for fire hydrant rental during the year.

1-B. Financial Reporting Model

The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information, described as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis – The basic financial statements are accompanied by a narrative introduction as well as an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report financial information for the County as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and the County's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The fiduciary funds of the primary government are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the County and its discretely presented component units at year end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the County's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not considered to be program revenues are reported as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements – Since the governmental funds financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a summary reconciliation of the difference between total fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet and total governmental activities net position as shown on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented. In addition, a summary reconciliation of the difference between the total net change in fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the change in net position of governmental activities as shown on the government-wide Statement of Activities is presented.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The County and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

GASB-Required Supplementary Pension – GASB issued Statement No. 68– Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions.

1-C. Financial Statement Presentation

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following is a brief description of the funds reported by the County in each of its fund types in the financial statements:

The remainder of this page is left blank intentionally.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The County reports the difference between its governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the County which are not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, licenses, permits, charges for services, use of money and property, and intergovernmental grants. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes. A significant part of the General Fund's revenue is transferred to other funds and component units, principally to finance the operations of the County's Public Schools.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those derived from special assessments, expendable trusts, or dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting due to legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds include the following:

Comprehensive Services Act Fund

The Comprehensive Services Act Fund accounts for revenue derived from the Commonwealth of Virginia for the care of the localities' special needs children. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

E-911 Central Dispatch Fund

The E-911 Central Dispatch Fund accounts for the financial transactions associated with the operation of the County's 911 Emergency Services Center. Revenues are primarily derived from reimbursements from the City of Martinsville, Virginia, County of Henry, Virginia, the State Compensation Board, and Virginia Wireless Board. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Law Library Fund

The Law Library Fund accounts for revenue received from other funds for the use of the library. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Fieldale Sanitary District Fund

Fieldale Sanitary District – This fund accounted for money held in trust for the benefit of the Fieldale Sanitary District through June 30, 2013. Effective July 1, 2013, the Fieldale Sanitary District Board gifted to the County the remaining cash assets of the District. These funds are accounted for as a special revenue fund to be used for street lights and curb maintenance for the community of Fieldale.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The County has one enterprise fund at this time, Philpott Marina Fund, which accounts for activities of the Marina for recreational use by the citizens of Henry County and the surrounding area. The Component Unit – IDA Fund is also accounted for as a proprietary fund.

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government. Internal service funds consist of the following:

Self-Insurance

This fund accounts for costs associated with providing health insurance benefits to employees of the County, School Board, and Social Services and with managing claims pertaining thereto.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital Projects Funds include the following:

Special Grant Projects Fund

The Special Grant Projects Fund accounts for all financial resources used for recording activity for CDBG and related type grants. This fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Fiduciary Funds (Agency Funds) – Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The County maintains the following fiduciary funds:

Special Welfare Fund – The Special Welfare Fund is used to reimburse the Comprehensive Service Act Fund, State Agencies, and others for expenses incurred on behalf of Henry-Martinsville Social Services welfare clients. Income is derived primarily from the Social Security Administration and other local organizations on behalf of the Social Services' clients.

Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc. – This fund is used to account for the funds of a local nonprofit organization whose purpose is to improve the Community's aesthetic value by planting flowers and trees on major roadways.

Jail Inmate Fund – This fund is comprised of cash on inmates of the Henry County Jail at the time of their arrest or contributions to them from their family members. These funds can only be used for the health and welfare of specific County inmates.

OPEB Trust Fund – This fund is comprised of the money held in trust to fund post-retiree benefits of health insurance for the County, the School Board, and Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

Component Unit (Henry County School Board)

The Henry County School Board has the following funds:

<u>School Fund</u> – The School Fund accounts for the general operations and activities of the schools with the exception of the textbook purchases and cafeteria operations.

<u>School Textbook Fund</u> – The School Textbook Fund handles purchases of textbooks for the school system.

<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u> – The School Cafeteria Fund accounts for all school cafeteria operations including federal and state grants, meal charges, and food purchases.

1-D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property taxes, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the

government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and, subsequently, remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditures. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County operates a cash and investment pool which most funds utilize. The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income.

1-E-2 Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP).

1-E-3 Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portions of the interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statement as internal balances.

The County levies real estate taxes on all real property on a fiscal year basis, at a rate enacted by the County Board of Supervisors on the assessed value of property (except public utility property) as determined by the Commissioner of Revenue of Henry County. The Commonwealth of Virginia assesses public utility property. Neither the County nor the Commonwealth of Virginia imposes a limitation on the tax rate. All property is assessed at 100 percent of fair market value and real estate is reassessed every four years. The Commissioner of Revenue prorates billings for property incomplete as of January 1, but completed during the year. Any taxes paid after the due date is subject to a 10 percent penalty and 8 percent interest charge.

Real estate taxes are billed annually and due by December 5. Liens are placed on the property on the date real estate taxes are delinquent, and interest at the rate of 10 percent per annum is added to the delinquent tax and penalty, and must be satisfied prior to the sale or transfer of the property. Any uncollected amounts from previous years' levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance.

Personal property tax assessments on tangible business property are based on a declining graduated percent of cost based on year of acquisition. All motor vehicles are based on 100 percent of loan value of the property as of January 1 of each year. Personal property taxes do not create a lien on property; however, County vehicle decals, which are required by law for all vehicles garaged in the County, may not be issued to any individual having outstanding personal property taxes. Any taxes paid after the due date is subject to a 10 percent penalty and 8 percent interest charge.

Property taxes receivable are included as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements since these taxes are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

Any uncollected amounts from prior year levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of 1998 (PPTRA), the County receives taxpayers' payments in fiscal year 2015 from the State for its share of the local personal property tax payment (for personal use motor vehicles), with the remainder collected by the County.

1-E-4 Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

1-E-5 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those capital assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The County reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but does not report these assets in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the enterprise funds' Statement of Net Position.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General, Comprehensive Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization thresholds are met. The capitalization threshold for capitalizing capital assets is \$5,000 and \$100,000 for building additions. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation is recorded on general capital assets on a government-wide basis.

In the fund financial statements, maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment costs are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that meet the County's capitalization policy and materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, or equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in current year's operations.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings	15-40 years

3-15 years

1-E-6 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Equipment

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Property taxes receivable but not collected in 60 day period is unavailable and included as deferred inflow.

1-E-7 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated absence liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level when paid.

1-E-8 Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan's and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-9 Other Postemployment Benefits Plans

Other postemployment benefit plan contributions are actuarially determined to project the present value of postemployment benefits for retired and active employees. The notes to financial statements present required schedules of funding progress that includes multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

1-E-10 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as fund balance. Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as net position.

Governmental Fund Balances – Generally, governmental fund balances represent the difference between the current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which resources can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – all amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net investment in capital assets amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

1-E-11 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for Philpott Marina. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All other items that do not directly relate to the principal and usual activity of the fund are recorded as nonoperating revenues and expenses. These items include investment earnings and gains or losses on the disposition of capital assets.

1-E-12 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after the non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds.

1-E-13 Long-Term Obligations

The County reports long-term debt of Governmental Funds at face value in the general long-term debt account group. The face value of the debt is believed to approximate fair value. Certain other governmental fund obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by Proprietary Funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

1-E-14 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1-E-15 Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Comprehensive Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects funds.

1-E-16 Land and Building - Held for Sale

The IDA has land and building that are held for resale to potential industries in the County. The assets are recorded at cost. Periodically, incidental rent is received for the use of these facilities.

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component units. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary Government Funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government. Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year except as allowed by the Appropriations Resolution.

Budgetary Data

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to April 18, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a
 proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1.
 The operating budget and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the
 means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function, and departmental level. These appropriations for each fund, function, and department can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for all major funds and component units.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Supplemental Appropriations are adopted if necessary during the fiscal year.
- 8. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments subject to limitations set in the Appropriations Resolution; however, the School Board and Henry-Martinsville Social Services are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within each of their respective budget categories.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

No expenditures exceeded appropriations at the fund level.

Fund Deficits

The following are reporting a deficit in net position, primarily due to the requirement to report the VRS net pension liability:

<u>runu</u>	Amount			
School Board	\$	(38,751,155)		
Henry-Martinsville Social Services		(1,608,721)		

Amount

2 Deposits and Investments

Deposits

All cash of the County and its component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 *et seq.* of the *Code of Virginia* (the "*Code*") or covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes; banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the Virginia State Treasurer's Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP).

The County has invested bond proceeds subject to rebate of arbitrage earnings in SNAP. SNAP is an open-end management investment company registered with the SEC designed to assist local governments in complying with the arbitrage rebate requirements of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. This program provides comprehensive investment management, accounting, and arbitrage rebate calculation services for proceeds of general obligation and revenue tax-exempt financing of Virginia counties, cities, and towns.

Interest Rate Risk

At year end, the County is only invested in SNAP, which has a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days and money market funds which are readily available.

Custodial Credit Risk

As required by the Code of Virginia, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30, all of the County's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the County's name by the County's designated custodian. All investment activity during the year was in securities of the type held at year end.

The above items are reflected in the statements as follows:

Component Units

Fund Statements	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds	School <u>Board</u>	Industrial Development Authority	Henry- Martinsville Social Services	<u>Total</u>
Deposits and Investments		_			•	
Petty cash	\$ 1,525	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,525
Deposits	27,709,908	2,138,988	1,904,559	414,303	48,054	32,215,812
	\$27,711,433	\$ 2,138,988	\$1,904,559	\$ 414,303	\$ 48,054	\$32,217,337
Statement of Net Position Deposits and Investments						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$27,711,433	\$ -	\$1,904,559	\$ 414,303	\$ 48,054	\$30,078,349
Fiduciary fund cash		2,138,988		-		2,138,988
	\$27,711,433	\$ 2,138,988	\$1,904,559	\$ 414,303	\$ 48,054	\$32,217,337

Credit Risk

State statute requires that obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia and its political subdivisions have a debt rating of at least AA by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or equivalent by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's). Repurchase agreements are collateralized by Treasury or Agency obligations of which the market value is at least 102 percent of the purchase price of the agreement. Commercial paper must be issued by an entity incorporated in the U.S. and rated at least A-1 by S&P and P-1 by Moody's. Corporate notes and bonds have a rating of at least AA by S&P and Aa by Moody's. Money market mutual funds must trade on a constant net position value and invest solely in securities otherwise eligible for investment under these guidelines.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Although the intent of the County is to diversify its investment portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding (i) security type, (ii) individual financial institution or issuing entity, and (iii) maturity, the County places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

	Primary Government				Component Units	
			Internal Service		Industrial	Henry-
	Governmental	Business-Type	Self-Insurance	School	Development	Martinsville
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Fund #58</u>	<u>Board</u>	<u>Authority</u>	Social Services
Accounts Receivable						
Property taxes	\$ 3,018,626	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Business licenses	48,862	-	-	-	-	-
Meals taxes	29,763	=	=	=	-	=
Other miscellaneous	1,386,020	391	2,676,766	743,667	2,184,345	3,489
Total	4,483,271	391	2,676,766	743,667	2,184,345	3,489
Allow ance for uncollectibles	(1,474,197)					
Net Accounts Receivable	\$ 3,009,074	\$ 391	\$ 2,676,766	\$ 743,667	\$ 2,184,345	\$ 3,489
Notes Receivable						
Notes receivable Allow ance for uncollectibles	\$ - 	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ 1,851,299 (839,939)	\$ - -
Net Notes Receivable	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,011,360	\$ -

5 Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	Transfers <u>In</u>	Transfers <u>Out</u>
County of Henry, Virginia		
General Fund (for operations or construction costs)		
From General Fund to Central Dispatch Fund	\$ -	\$ 690,331
From General Fund to Special Grant Projects Fund	-	1,157
From General Fund to Philpott Marina Fund	-	80,719
From General Fund to Comprehensive Services Fund	-	278,435
Comprehensive Services Act Fund		
From General Fund to Comprehensive Services Fund	278,435	-
Special Grant Projects Fund		
Special Grant Projects Fund From Congrel Fund to Special Crant Projects Fund	1,157	
From General Fund to Special Grant Projects Fund	1,137	-
Central Dispatch Fund		
From General Fund to Central Dispatch Fund	690,331	
Subtotal - Governmental Funds	969,923	1,050,642
Proprietary Fund - Philpott Marina Fund		
From General Fund to Philpott Marina Fund	80,719	-
	\$ 1,050,642	\$ 1,050,642

6 Transfer to Component Units/Transfer from Primary Government

Details of the primary government due to component units as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Tr	ansfers <u>In</u>	Т	ransfers <u>Out</u>
County of Henry, Virginia to Component Units Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia				
To Component Unit - Social Services To Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority	\$	-	\$	527,915 1,020,048
To Component Unit - School Board		-	1	5,719,422
Component Unit - Social Services				
From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia		527,915		-
Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia	1	,020,048		-
Component Unit - School Board				
From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia	15	5,719,422		
	\$17	<u>,,267,385</u>	\$1	7,267,385
Component Unit - School Board - Transfers School Fund				
From School to School Textbook Fund	\$	-	\$	513,936
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund		-		16,030
School Cafeteria Fund		40.000		
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund School Textbook Fund		16,030		-
From School to School Textbook Fund		513,936		-
	\$	529,966	\$	529,966

Due from/to Other Funds

Details of the primary government interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Due From	Due <u>To</u>
County of Henry, Virginia	<u>110111</u>	<u>10</u>
Governmental Funds		
General Fund from/to Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,606,960	\$ 188,109
General Fund to Philpott Marina	-	11,415
Comprehensive Services Act Fund to General Fund	-	249,716
E-911 Central Dispatch Fund to General Fund	-	354,025
Fieldale Sanitary District to General Fund	-	3,219
Law Library Fund from General Fund	124,808	-
Special Grant Projects Fund from General Fund	63,301	
Propriotary Funds	1,795,069	806,484
Proprietary Funds		4 000 000
Self-Insurance Fund #58 to General Fund	-	1,000,000
Philpott Marina from General Fund	11,415	
Total	\$ 1,806,484	\$ 1,806,484
Primary Government and Component Units - Interfund Accounts Primary Government		
Due from Industrial Development Authority to County	\$ 509,618	\$ -
Due from Regional Industrial Site Project to County	2,168,064	-
Due from Social Services to County	705,392	-
Due to School Fund from County	-	640,026
Due from School Cafeteria Fund to County	133,496	
Total	3,516,570	640,026
Net Due from Component Units to Primary Government	2,876,544	
Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority		
Due from Industrial Development Authority to County	-	509,618
Due from Regional Industrial Site Project to County		2,168,064
Total	-	2,677,682
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit		2,677,682
Component Unit - Social Services		
Due from Social Services to County		705,392
Total	-	705,392
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit		705,392
Component Unit - School Board		
Due from School Cafeteria Fund to County	-	133,496
Due to School Fund from County	640,026	
Total	640,026	133,496
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit	506,530	
Total Net Due from/to Primary Government		
and Component Units	\$ 3,383,074	\$ 3,383,074

	Due <u>From</u>	Due <u>To</u>
Component Unit - School Board (Fund Statements Only)		
School Fund		
From School Textbook Fund to School Fund	\$ 214,146	\$ -
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund	-	16,030
School Cafeteria Fund		
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund	16,030	-
School Textbook Fund		
To School from School Textbook Fund	 	214,146
Due to/from Other Funds - School Board	\$ 230,176	\$ 230,176

Due from Other Governmental Units

Details of the County's receivables from other governmental units, as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Commonwealth of Virginia	Governmental Activities	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	School <u>Board</u>	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>	Henry- Martinsville Social <u>Services</u>
State and local sales taxes	\$ 745,349	¢	\$1,384,004	c	\$ -
Communications tax	380,052	Φ -	Ф 1,364,004	Φ -	Φ -
	6,766	-	-	-	-
Auto rental tax	·	-	-	-	-
Mobile home tax	10,371	-	-	-	-
Compensation Board	483,664	-	-	-	-
Recordation tax	10,531	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive services	287,112	-	-	-	-
911 funds	24,886	-	-	-	-
Other reimbursements	80,061	-	493,210	52,650	455.000
Public assistance					155,028
	2,028,792	_	1,877,214	52,650	155,028
Federal Government					·
Title VIB Flow-Through	-	_	271,227	-	_
Title VI Rural and Low Income	-	_	25,086	-	_
Preschool Handicapped	_	-	13,066	-	-
Title I	-	_	333,522	-	_
School food program	-	_	115,008	-	_
CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins	_	_	25,751	-	_
Law enforcement	31,406	_	-	-	_
Emergency services	107,280	_	-	-	_
Development grants - special projects	172,781	_	-	-	_
Transportation grants	7,182	_	-	-	_
Public assistance	, -	_	-	-	265,329
Other reimbursements	46,294	2,250	78,611	-	-
	364,943	2,250	862,271		265,329
Other Governmental Entities					
911 operations - City of Martins ville, VA	345,117	-	-	-	-
Industrial site expenses - City of Martinsville, VA	-	-	-	12,406	-
Social Services operations - City of Martins ville, VA	-	_	-	-	271,462
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$ 2,738,852	\$ 2,250	\$2,739,485	\$ 65,056	\$ 691,819

9 Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

Governmental Ac	tivities
-----------------	----------

July 1, 2014 Increases Decreases 2015
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land and land improvements \$ 2,926,097 \$ - \$ 2,926,097 Construction in progress 242,685 - 242,685 - 242,685 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Being Depreciated 3,168,782 - 242,685 2,926,097 Capital Assets, Depreciable Buildings and improvements 24,824,160 258,530 - 25,082,690 Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
Land and land improvements \$ 2,926,097 - \$ - \$ 2,926,097 Construction in progress 242,685 - 242,685 - 242,685 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 3,168,782 - 242,685 2,926,097 Capital Assets, Depreciable Buildings and improvements 24,824,160 258,530 - 25,082,690 Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 3,168,782 - 242,685 2,926,097 Capital Assets, Depreciable Buildings and improvements 24,824,160 258,530 - 25,082,690 Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
Being Depreciated 3,168,782 - 242,685 2,926,097 Capital Assets, Depreciable Buildings and improvements 24,824,160 258,530 - 25,082,690 Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
Being Depreciated 3,168,782 - 242,685 2,926,097 Capital Assets, Depreciable Buildings and improvements 24,824,160 258,530 - 25,082,690 Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
Capital Assets, Depreciable Buildings and improvements 24,824,160 258,530 - 25,082,690 Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
Buildings and improvements 24,824,160 258,530 - 25,082,690 Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 12,088,758 1,509,867 391,224 13,207,401
T. 10 % 14 B 11
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable 36,912,918 1,768,397 391,224 38,290,091
Less: Accumulated depreciation for
Land and land improvements 127,530 33,910 - 161,440
Buildings and improvements 13,034,755 712,445 - 13,747,200
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 8,558,761 998,415 386,791 9,170,385
Total Accumulated Depreciation 21,721,046 1,744,770 386,791 23,079,025
Other Capital Assets, Net
Not Conital Assets hefers Allegation from Cohool
Net Capital Assets before Allocation from School \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Add: Net school buildings allocated to
County with outstanding debt 22,684,215
Net Capital Assets \$40,821,378
Depreciation expense was allocated as follows:
Conoral government administration \$\tag{\tag{\tag{225.703}}}
General government administration \$ 225,703 Judicial administration \$ 235,792
Public safety 1,019,367
Public works 85,149
Health and welfare 42,535
Parks, recreation, and cultural 136,224
Depreciation <u>\$ 1,744,770</u>

Business-Type Activities				
	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases Decreases		Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land and land improvements	<u>\$ 51,876</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 51,876
Total Capital Assets Not				
Being Depreciated	51,876	-	-	51,876
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Buildings and improvements	1,104,885	77,600	-	1,182,485
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	137,158	3,000		140,158
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable	1,242,043	80,600	-	1,322,643
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land and land improvements	576	1,729	-	2,305
Buildings and improvements	12,277	37,476	-	49,753
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	4,572	13,716		18,288
Total Accumulated Depreciation	17,425	52,921		70,346
Other Capital Assets, Net	1,224,618	27,679		1,252,297
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,276,494	<u>\$ 27,679</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 1,304,173
Depreciation expense was allocated as follows:				
Marina expenses	\$ 52,921			
Depreciation	\$ 52,921			

Component Unit - School Board

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, <u>20</u> 14	Increases	Decreases	June 30, <u>2015</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>=</u>			
Land and land improvements		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 787,516
Construction in progress - school renovations	1,770,841	593,722	1,719,521	645,042
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,558,357	593,722	1,719,521	1,432,558
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Buildings and improvements	76,200,116	2,312,783	<u>-</u>	78,512,899
Furniture and equipment	11,779,415	472,180	413,565	11,838,030
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	87,979,531	2,784,963	413,565	90,350,929
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land and land improvements	14,733	-	-	14,733
Buildings and improvements	34,332,997	1,771,866	-	36,104,863
Furniture and equipment	8,861,256	734,694	377,663	9,218,287
Total Accumulated Depreciation	43,208,986	2,506,560	377,663	45,337,883
Other Capital Assets, Net	44,770,545	278,403	35,902	45,013,046
Net Capital Assets before Allocation to County	\$47,328,902	\$ 872,125	\$ 1,755,423	46,445,604
Less: Net school buildings allocated to County with outstanding debt				(22,684,215)
Net Capital Assets				\$23,761,389
Component Unit - IDA Capital Assets - Depreciable				
Equipment	\$ 4,446,364 <u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> \$	- \$ 4	,446,364
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable	4,446,364	-	- 4	,446,364
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Equipment	3,805,870	635,555	4	-,441,42 <u>5</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,805,870	635,555	<u>-</u> 4	-,441,4 <u>25</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 640,494</u> <u>\$</u>	(635,555) \$	<u> </u>	4,939

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

		Balance July 1,					alance une 30,
Other Conite! Accets		<u>2014</u>	Inc	creases	Decre	eases	<u>2015</u>
Other Capital Assets	_		_		_		
Machinery and equipment	\$	246,959	\$	21,576	\$	9,434	\$ 259,101
Total Other Capital Assets		246,959		21,576		9,434	259,101
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Machinery and equipment		200,815		16,680		9,434	208,061
Total Accumulated Depreciation		200,815		16,680		9,434	 208,061
Other Capital Assets, Net		46,144		4,896			 51,040
Net Capital Assets	\$	46,144	\$	4,896	\$	_	\$ 51,040

1 0 Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation based on length of service and sick leave at the rate of one day per month. Twenty-five percent of the amount for unused sick leave is paid for upon termination. All accumulated unused vacation is paid upon termination.

1 1 Long-Term Debt

A. Bonds Payable

The schedule below represents long-term debt payable at June 30, 2015:

Primary Government		Next			
	Original	Annual	Interest		Outstanding
<u>Description</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate %	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2007B	\$ 2,711,471	\$125,653	5.10	2028	\$ 1,910,247
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2006	6,009,728	289,907	4.60-5.10	2027	3,931,522
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2005	2,342,487	113,347	4.60-5.10	2026	1,428,359
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 1995	1,916,194	123,111	5.10-6.10	2016	123,111
VML/VACO Recovery Zone Bonds - 2010	2,000,000	90,000	2.00-6.57	2030	1,665,000
VPSA QSCB Recovery Act Bonds - 2011	3,400,000	115,600	0.00	2027	3,175,600
Capital Lease - Government Capital - 2014	193,612	61,781	4.397	2016	126,279
Sanville Elementary Literary Loan - 1998	2,080,772	104,039	2.00	2018	312,109
Laurel Park Literary Loan - 1998	1,387,370	69,500	2.00	2018	205,870
Rich Acres Literary Loan - 1998	2,462,218	122,750	2.00	2018	375,468
Stanleytown Literary Loan - 1998	2,425,951	120,000	2.00	2018	385,951
Fieldale-Collins ville Literary Loan - 1998	2,500,000	125,000	2.00	2019	500,000
					\$ 14,139,516

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

<u>Description</u>	Original <u>Issue</u>	Next Annual <u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate %	Maturity	Outstanding June 30, 2015
Public Improvement Bond - Series 2007 Series 2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$4,000,000 3,500,000	\$436,488	3.79 1.95	2018 2018	\$ 1,359,721 3,441,955
Colles 2010 Edase Nevertue Bolids	0,000,000		1.00	2010	\$ 4,801,676

B. Governmental Obligation

The following table is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities that are recorded in the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Primary Government

Trimary Government	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
General obligations bonds -					
County	\$ 755,000	\$ -	\$ 755,000	\$ -	\$ -
Capital leases - County		193,612	67,333	126,279	61,781
Subtotal - County	755,000	193,612	822,333	126,279	61,781
General obligations bonds -					
public schools	11,320,121	-	751,282	10,568,839	767,618
Literary Fund loans	2,320,687	-	541,289	1,779,398	541,289
Recovery Zone bonds	1,750,000		85,000	1,665,000	90,000
Subtotal - School-related debt	15,390,808		1,377,571	14,013,237	1,398,907
Subtotal - County and school	16,145,808	193,612	2,199,904	14,139,516	1,460,688
Add: Bond premiums	295,900		23,266	272,634	23,266
Subtotal after premiums	16,441,708	193,612	2,223,170	14,412,150	1,483,954
Note payable to Verizon (Tower)	145,600	-	19,200	126,400	19,200
Landfill closure monitoring	260,423	-	-	260,423	26,042
OPEB obligation (asset)	(17,187)	18,298	-	1,111	-
Compensated absences	2,245,171		7,053	2,238,118	223,812
	\$19,075,715	\$ 211,910	\$2,249,423	\$ 17,038,202	\$1,753,008

Compensated absences expenses are allocated by department and by fund. The change in compensated absences for the Statement of Activities is charged to general government.

Debt service on the preceding long-term debt in future years is as follows:

Primary Government

Fiscal Year		Cou	nty		Ge	neral Oblig	atio	on Bonds	Rе	covery Z	o n	e Bonds and	l Totals				Long-Term											
Ending		Capital	Lea	ses		School	Во	ard		Literary	Fu	nd Loans					Agreeme		ment									
June 30,	Рı	incipal	ln	terest	E	rincipal	L	nterest	P	rincipal		Interest	P	<u>P rincipal</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>P rincipal</u>		<u>P rincipal</u>		<u>rincipal</u> <u>Ir</u>		<u>Interest</u>		incipal	Inte	rest
0040	Φ.	C4704	Ф	F F F O	Φ.	707.040	Ф	225 722	\$	004000	Ф	00.000	Ф	4.400.000	Ф	400.077	Ф	40.000	•									
2016	\$	61,781	\$	5,552	\$	767,618	\$	335,732	Ф	631,289	Ф	92,093	\$	1,460,688	\$	433,377	\$	19,200	Ф	-								
2017		64,498		2,836		685,022		305,278		631,289		78,477		1,380,809		386,591		19,200		-								
2018		-		-		673,867		278,632		666,820		65,006		1,340,687		343,638		19,200		-								
2019		-		-		940,985		252,515		220,000		50,774		1,160,985		303,289		19,200		-								
2020		-		-		987,886		225,614		100,000		45,482		1,087,886		271,096		19,200		-								
2021-2025		-		-		4,573,638		701,331		545,000		177,235		5,118,638		878,566		30,400		-								
2026-2030		-		-		1,939,823		76,158		650,000		74,237		2,589,823		150,395		=		-								
2031-2035											_	<u>-</u>																
	\$	126,279	\$	8,388	\$	10,568,839	\$	2,175,260	\$:	3,444,398	\$	583,304	\$	14,139,516	\$:	2,766,952	\$	126,400	\$									

C. Long-Term Agreement

The County entered into a long-term agreement with Verizon in 2008 for construction and renovations made to a tower. The agreement was for \$265,600 and will be paid back over approximately 14 years in lieu of Verizon paying rent. The annual amount is \$19,200.

D. Component Units

Following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities that are recorded in the component units for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2014</u> <u>Additions</u> <u>Reduc</u>		Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
School Board					
Compensated absences	\$ 781,069	\$ -	\$ 18,310	\$ 762,759	\$ 76,276
Total	<u>\$ 781,069</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 18,310	\$ 762,759	<u>\$ 76,276</u>
Industrial Development Authority					
Series 2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 2,795,589	\$ 646,366	\$ -	\$ 3,441,955	\$ -
Public Improvement Bond -					
Series 2007	1,780,270	-	420,549	1,359,721	436,488
Public Improvement Equipment Lease Revenue Bond -					
Series 2008	693,332	_	693,332		<u>-</u> _
Total	\$ 5,269,191	<u>\$ 646,366</u>	\$ 1,113,881	\$ 4,801,676	<u>\$ 436,488</u>
Henry-Martinsville Social Services					
Compensated absences	\$ 401,149	\$ -	\$ 63,808	\$ 337,341	\$ 33,734
Total	\$ 401,149	\$ -	\$ 63,808	\$ 337,341	\$ 33,734

Estimated principal maturities for future years ended June 30 follows:

Fiscal Year			
Ending June 30,	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	nterest
2016	\$	436,488	\$ 111,512
2017		453,031	94,656
2018		470,201	77,160
2019	3	3,441,956	33,559
	\$ 4	4,801,676	\$ 316,887

1 2 Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "net investment in capital assets" amount reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2015 is determined as follows:

	Go	overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- Type Activities	School <u>Board</u>	De	Industrial evelopment <u>Authority</u>	Social Services	
Net Investment in Capital Assets								
Cost of capital assets	\$	63,900,403	\$1,374,519	\$69,099,272	\$	4,446,364	\$259,101	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(23,079,025)	(70,346)	(45,337,883)		(4,441,425)	(208,061)	
Book value		40,821,378	1,304,173	23,761,389		4,939	51,040	
Less: Capital related debt		(14,265,916)	-	-		-	-	
Less: Bond premiums		(272,634)			_	<u>-</u>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	26,282,828	\$1,304,173	\$23,761,389	\$	4,939	\$ 51,040	

1 3 Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources from unavailable property taxes and other local taxes and licenses are comprised of the following:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

Delinquent taxes not collected within 60 days Other liabilities	\$ 1,236,079 12,607
Delinquent business licenses	48,862
Delinquent meals taxes	 29,764
Total Unavailable Revenue - Taxes and Licenses	1,327,312
Unearned grants	 114,717
Total General Fund	1,442,029
Special Projects Fund	
Unearned grants	 4,205
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,446,234

Governmental Activities - Primary Government	
Unearned grants	\$ 118,922
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability	 3,258,822
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 3,377,744
School Board - Fund Basis	
Unearned grants	\$ 163,484
School Board - Component Unit - Governmental Activities	
Unearned grants	\$ 163,484
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability	 9,882,428
	\$ 10,045,912
Industrial Development Authority	
Unearned grants	\$ 251,299
Henry-Martinsville Social Services	
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability	\$ 667,469

1 A Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool and Virginia Association of Counties Group Self-Insurance Risk Pool, both public entity risk pools currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee dishonesty and employee health and accident insurance. The component units carry commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

1 5 Commitments and Contingencies

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular, all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

16^{Litigation}

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions or pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

7Performance Agreements

The County has signed performance agreements with various companies that have located within the County. As part of many of these agreements, the County has agreed to pay cash incentives to the companies. As of June 30, 2015, the County had no outstanding commitments for future payments under these agreements.

18 Legal Compliance

The Virginia Public Finance Act contains state law for issuance of long-term and short-short-term debt. The Act states, in part, that no municipality may issue bonds or other interest-bearing obligations, including existing indebtedness, which will at any time exceed ten percent of the assessed valuation on real estate as shown by the last preceding assessment for taxes. Short-term revenue anticipation bonds/notes, general obligation bonds approved in a referendum, revenue bonds, and contract obligations for publically owned or regional projects should not be included in the debt limitation.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Total Assessed Value of Taxed Real Property	\$ 2	2,865,947,336
Debt Limits per Constitution of Virginia - 10% Assessed Value	\$	286,594,734
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Gross Debt	_	14,139,516
Legal Debt Margin - June 30, 2015	\$	272,455,218

Note: Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund Loans. Excludes capital leases, landfill closure, postretirement health care benefits, and compensated absences.

1 9 Surety Bond Information

The following constitutional officers and County employees are covered by Surety Bonds issued in the amounts shown at June 30, 2015:

Treasurer	\$ 750,000
Commissioner of Revenue	3,000
Clerk of Circuit Court	124,000
Sheriff	30,000
Employees of above officers - blanket bond	1,000,000
County Administrator	1,000,000
Employees of County and Board members - blanket bond	1,000,000
Clerk of the School Board	10,000
Director of Public Welfare	100,000
Employees of Social Services - blanket bond	100,000

20 Appropriation to School from General Fund

Following is a summary of adjustments made to the local school appropriation when converting from fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements:

	School <u>Board</u>
Appropriation from General Fund	\$15,719,422
Net fixed asset and depreciation adjustment on the school buildings still owned by the County until the debt is paid off	748,598
Adjustment for the net allocation of internal service self-insurance fund services and costs	(1,375,782)
Adjustment for long-term debt paid by School on buildings owned by the County until the debt is paid off	(2,009,699)
Appropriation to School Fund per Government-Wide Statements	\$13,082,539

91 Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the political subdivision and public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees and employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<u>LEAN I</u>	I LANZ	NETINDWENTTEAN
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")
		 The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
		 The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
		•In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: •Political subdivision employees* •School division employees
Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014	Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members w ere allow ed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014	 Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 w ho elected to opt into the plan during the election w indow held January 1 - April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: •Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced
If eligible deferred members returned to w ork during the election w indow, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	o election w indow , they w ere also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	benefits for hazardous duty employees
Political Subdivision Employees Only: Members w ho w ere eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 w ere not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Political Subdivision Employees Only: Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	Political Subdivision Employees Only: Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

PLAN 1

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Creditable Service

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to Same as Plan 1. qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN 2

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.

Creditable Service

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Retirement Contributions

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Creditable Service

Defined Benefit Component:

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contributions Component:

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component:

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contributions Component:

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make

PLAN1	PLAN2	HYBRID <u>RETIREMENT PLAN</u>
		Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. •After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. •After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. •After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier, and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members w ho opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.

PLAN1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Age 65.	Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of	Normal Social Security retirement age with at least	Defined Benefit Component:
creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility
Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of	Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of	Defined Benefit Component:
creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	creditable service.	Age Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 w ith at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2
Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up	to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Saire as Hair 2
to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	··	Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Eligibility:
For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with	Same as Plan 1	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2
a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full		
calendar year from the retirement date.		
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have	e	
less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go		
into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		
an oddod foli offort oligibility date.		

PLAN 1

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- •The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- •The member retires on disability.
- •The political subdivision member retires directly from shortterm or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
- •The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- •The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

School division: N/A

Purchase of Prior Service

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts towards vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave w ithout pay.

PLAN 2

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

School division: N/A

Purchase of Prior Service

Same as Plan 1

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivisions and school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

- Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
- The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.
- Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

Defined Contribution Component:

Not applicable

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary <u>Government -</u> <u>County</u>	School Board - General <u>Employees</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	Number 208	<u>Number</u> 207
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	46	22
Non-vested inactive members	49	38
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	<u>126</u>	<u>42</u>
Total inactive members	221	102
Active members	<u>354</u>	<u>186</u>
Total covered employees	<u>783</u>	<u>495</u>

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

If the employer used the certified rate: The County's political subdivision contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.58% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The school board – general employees contribution rate was 11.13%.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision for the County employees were \$1,866,106 and \$1,851,310 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

For the school board – general employees, employer contributions were \$361,881 and \$374,408 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Each school divisions - teachers contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. The actuarially determined rate, which combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contribution to the pension plan from the school division - teachers were \$5,015,024 and \$4,072,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivisions net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees and School Division - Teachers

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

General Employees

Inflation 2.5 percent 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

Inflation 3.5 percent - 5.35 percent 3.5 percent - 5.95 percent

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan 7.0 percent, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation investment expense, including inflation

Teachers

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 for general employees, males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years and for school divisions, males set back 3 years and females were set back 5 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 for general employees, males set forward 1 year and for school divisions, males set back 2 years and females were set back 3 years.

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 for general employees, males set back 3 years and for school divisions, males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement for general employees or school divisions.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

School Divisions:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

Inflation 3.5 percent - 4.75 percent

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 – LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Acces Class (Canada aux)	Target	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U. S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U. S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	-1.50%	<u>-0.02%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>5.83%</u>
Inflation	1		2.50%
*Expected arithmetic nominal return	1		<u>8.33%</u>

^{*}Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan and school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Primary Government - County

(Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)

,	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	N	Plan Fiduciary let Position (<u>b)</u>		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	67,216,208	\$	56,027,069	\$	11,189,139
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		1,744,503		-		1,744,503
Interest		4,595,301		-		4,595,301
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		1,851,310		(1,851,310)
Contributions - employee		-		720,333		(720,333)
Net investment income		-		8,808,287		(8,808,287)
Benefit payments, including refunds						,
of employee contributions		(3,138,102)		(3,138,102)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(47,504)		47,504
Other changes				464		(464)
Net Changes		3,201,702		8,194,788		(4,993,086)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	70,417,910	\$	64,221,857	\$	6,196,053

NOTE: This Net Pension Liability is allocated between the Primary Government Henry County and the Component Unit Henry - Martinsville Social Services.

Component Unit School Board -						
General Employees		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total		Plan		Net
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>		<u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	17,492,576	\$	15,055,955	\$	2,436,621
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		381,575		-		381,575
Interest		1,183,231		-		1,183,231
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		_		_
Contributions - employer		_		374,408		(374,408)
Contributions - employee				164,972		(164,972)
Net investment income		_				
		-		2,319,132		(2,319,132)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(4 470 560)		(4 470 ECO)		
• •		(1,178,562)		(1,178,562)		40.000
Administrative expenses		-		(12,938)		12,938
Other changes	_	-	_	123	_	(123)
Net Changes		386,244		1,667,135		(1,280,891)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	17,878,820	\$	16,723,090	\$	1,155,730
Component Unit School Board - Tea	ache	er Pool				Increase (Decrease) Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013					\$	66,067,000
Changes for the Year Contributions - employer for 2014 Employer pension expense Deferred inflows of resources						(4,072,000) 4,493,000 (8,852,000)
Deletied Itiliows of lesources					_	(0,002,000)
Net Changes						(8,431,000)
Balance at June 30, 2014					\$	57,636,000

Sensitivity of the Political Subdivision's and School Division's – Teacher Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the political subdivision's and school division's - teachers proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's and school division's - teachers proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		<u>(6.00%)</u>	Ra	ate (7.00%)		(8.00%)
Primary Government - County (includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services) Political subdivision's						
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$</u>	15,359,227	\$	6,196,053	\$	(1,425,011)
Component Unit School						
Board - General Employees	\$	2,971,847	\$	1,155,730	\$	(391,983)
	1.00	0% Decrease (6.00%)		ent Discount ate (7.00%)	1.0	0% Increase (8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	84,634,000	\$	57,636,000	\$	35,409,000

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County's political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$784,515.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school board - general employees recognized pension expense of \$123,945.

At June 30, 2015, the school division - teachers reported a liability of \$57,636,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was .47694% as compared to .47958% at June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$4,493,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the political subdivision and school division - teachers reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Primary Government - County (Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)

	 ed Outflows esources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	-	
Change in assumptions	-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		3,926,291	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,866,106		_	
Total	\$ 1,866,106	\$	3,926,291	

Note: Amounts allocated between the Primary Government and the Component Unit – Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

Component Unit School Board - General Employees

Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,030,428
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 361,881	
Total	\$ 361,881	\$ 1,030,428
Component Unit School Board - Teachers		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	8,554,000
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	298,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,015,024	-
Total	\$ 5,015,024	\$ 8,852,000

\$1,548,868 for the County, \$317,238 for social services and \$5,376,905 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the political subdivision and school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

Primary Government -

County (Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)

2016	\$ (981,573)
2017	(981,573)
2018	(981,573)
2019	(981,572)
Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board - General Employees

2016	\$ (257,607)
2017	(257,607)
2018	(257,607)
2019	(257,607)
Thereafter	-

Component Unit School Board - Teachers

2016	\$ (2,204,000)
2017	(2,204,000)
2018	(2,204,000)
2019	(2,204,000)
Thereafter	(36.000)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Virginia Retirement System's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

22^{Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)–Healthcare}

Plan Description

County of Henry, Virginia provides postemployment health benefits in the form of medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses.

Three-year trend information is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended County	Annual OPEB Cost				Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)			
06/30/13 06/30/14	\$	83,571 78,758	196.4% 21.1%	\$	(79,289) (17,187)			
06/30/15		86,728	78.9%		1,111			
School Boa	rd							
06/30/13 06/30/14	\$	371,607 371,147	119.1% 55.1%		(362,447) (195,708)			
06/30/15		387,321	72.3%		(88,475)			
Henry-Martinsville Social Services								
06/30/13 06/30/14 06/30/15	\$	15,742 16,044 16,130	89.6% 71.0% 73.1%	\$	(90,129) (85,483) (81,140)			

Following are disclosures for the County's postemployment benefits:

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Ochicadic	or runaning r	rogress						
Actuarial							Unfunded			
Valuation	Plan	Accrued	Unfunded	Normal	Funded	Covered	% of			
<u>Date</u>	Assets	Liability	Liability	Cost	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll			
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(c)	(a)/(b)	(d)	(b-a)/(d)			
County										
7/1/2009	\$ 111,112	\$1,007,951	\$ 896,839	\$ 20,863	11.0%	\$ 10,023,578	8.9%			
7/1/2012	204,236	1,048,660	844,424	28,939	19.5%	11,575,609	7.3%			
7/1/2014	419,244	1,242,903	823,659	33,460	33.7%	10,590,336	7.8%			
School Board										
7/1/2009	\$ 330,009	\$5,640,560	\$ 5,310,551	\$ 92,988	5.9%	\$ 32,942,499	16.1%			
7/1/2012	880,618	4,692,414	3,811,796	128,511	18.8%	36,977,558	10.3%			
7/1/2014	1,347,368	5,168,842	3,821,474 142,0		26.1%	36,110,104	10.6%			
Henry-Martinsville Social Services										
7/1/2009	\$ 56,218	\$ 150,745	\$ 94,527	\$ 5,766	37.3%	\$ 2,588,432	3.7%			
7/1/2012	120,054	255,195	135,141	7,942	47.0%	2,678,643	5.0%			
7/1/2014	148,176	286,110	137,934	8,075	51.8%	2,978,532	4.6%			

Schedule of Contributions

Contribution % Contributed

30

30

30

30

30

30

164,145 \$ (79,289) 7.50%

(17,187) 7.50%

7.50%

1,111

\$ (362,447) 7.50%

(195,708) 7.50%

(88,475) 7.50%

16,656

68,430

442,501

204,408

280,088

Annual OPEB

Cost

FYE

(79,289)

(17,187)

(362,447)

(195,708)

Henry-Martinsville Social Services

\$ (291,553) \$374,983

1,285 \$ 83,556

79,677

86,927

375,344

389,587

2012-13

2013-14

2014-15

2012-13

2013-14

2014-15

School Board

\$

		County								
		June 30, 20	13 \$	83,571	\$	164,145	196.49	%		
		June 30, 20	14	78,758		16,656	21.19	%		
		June 30, 20	015	86,728		68,430	78.9	%		
		School Boa	ard							
		June 30, 20	13 \$	371,607	\$	442,501	119.19	%		
		June 30, 20	14	371,147		204,408	55.19	%		
		June 30, 20	015	387,321		280,088	72.3	%		
Henry-Martinsville Social Services										
		June 30, 20	13 \$	15,742	\$	14,108	89.69	%		
		June 30, 20	14	16,044		11,398	71.09	%		
		June 30, 20	015	16,130		11,787	73.1	%		
Annual Pension OPEB Cost Summary										
	Beginning									
	of Year							End of		
	Net	Annual	Annual	Annual				Year Net		_
	OPEB	OPEB	OPEB	Cost				OPEB	Interest	
Plan Year	<u>Obligation</u>	Cost	Interest	<u>Adjustmer</u>	<u>1t</u>	<u>Total</u>	Contributions	<u>Obligation</u>	Rate	<u>Period</u>
County										

(81) \$ 83,571 \$

78,758

86,728

\$371,607 \$

371,147

387,321

2012-13 (91,763) \$ 16,805 \$ (6,882) \$ 5,819 \$ 15,742 \$ \$ (90,129) 7.50% 14,108 30 2013-14 5,716 11,398 30 (90, 129)17,088 (6,760)16,044 (85,483) 7.50% 2014-15 (85,483)17,120 (6,411) 5,421 16,130 11,787 (81,140) 7.50% 30

5,028

1,090

18,490

22,986

12,412

96 \$

(5,947)

(1,289)

\$(21,866) \$

(27,183)

(14,678)

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Plan Description

County of Henry, Virginia provides postemployment health benefits in the form of medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Health Insurance Credit Program.

Summary of Main Benefit Provisions as Interpreted for Valuation Purposes

Political subdivisions participating in the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) may elect to provide a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for any former employee who retired under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service. The amount of each monthly health insurance credit shall be \$1.50 per year of creditable service, which amount shall be paid monthly to any retired employee participating in the Health Insurance Credit Program. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for retiree.

Disabled retirees are eligible to receive a maximum monthly credit of \$45.

If an eligible employee has worked for more than one employer in VRS, for the purpose of this valuation, their most current (or last) employer assumes full liability for that employee.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Health Insurance Credit Program

Schedule of Funding Progress for County

	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
		Α	ctuarial					
		Α	ccrued					UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liab	ility (AAL)	Uı	nfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Pr	ojected	AAL		Funded	Covered	of Covered
<u>Date</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Un</u>	it Credit	!	(UAAL)	Ratio Payroll		<u>Payroll</u>
June 30, 2012	\$ 257,650	\$	229,816	\$	(27,834)	112.11%	\$ 4,909,754	-0.57%
June 30, 2013	274,887		231,877		(43,010)	118.55%	4,510,688	-0.95%
June 30, 2014	301,886		244,329		(57,557)	123.56%	5,153,028	-1.12%

Valuation Date June 30, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 20-29 Years

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return¹

Payroll Growth Rate

7.00%

3.00%

¹Includes inflation at 2.5%

72 Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2015, fund balances are composed of the following:

		Primary Government									
		E-911 Central			Law	Fieldale Sanitary	Special Grant	Total			
	G	eneral <u>Fund</u>	Disp	oatch und	Library Fund	District Fund	Projects Fund	Go	overnmental Funds		
Nonspendable - inventory	\$	28,523	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	28,523		
Restricted for		623,684		-	125,550	125,471	_		874,705		
Committed	3	3,874,559		-	-	-	-		3,874,559		
Assigned	Ę	5,563,083		-	-	-	223,117		5,786,200		
Unassigned	23	3,427,588		-	-	-	-		23,427,588		

24 Landfill Post-Closure Care Cost

The County maintains a landfill, which was closed in 1993. In accordance with state and federal laws and regulations, the County placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for a minimum of ten years after closure. The County is currently in compliance with the landfill gas regulations and is no longer required to operate an active system and has reverted back to quarterly monitoring. The County is currently in compliance with the groundwater protection standards and, as such, DEQ has allowed the County to stop groundwater monitoring. The County anticipates applying to DEQ later this year for termination of post-closure care.

The \$260,423 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2015 represents what it would cost to perform all future post-closure care. Also, actual costs for post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County intends to fund these costs from general revenues. The County uses the financial test method of demonstrating assurance for post-closure care cost.

25 Notes Receivable – Component Unit

The Component Unit – Industrial Development Authority had a note receivable from a Company in the amount of \$1,851,299 as of June 30, 2015. The Company had been making payments in accordance with a bankruptcy decree from 1999. In 2007 with the Company coming out of bankruptcy and still owing the Industrial Development Authority a substantial amount of money on the note, the County filed a lawsuit against the shareholders, co-obligors of the note. In December 2008, the County, the Company, and co-obligors reached a settlement agreement. This agreement calls for monthly payments beginning January 1, 2009 of \$25,000 plus accrued interest. The County has granted temporary reduction in the amount of \$25,000 at times due to economic conditions. The interest rate can vary from 3 to 5 percent depending on the total payments the Company makes on an annual basis. The interest rate was at 5 percent from July 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013 and 3.50 percent from January 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015. As a part of the agreement, the co-obligors executed documents giving the County a third priority lien and security interest in certain real estate holdings on which the Company operates.

26 Revenue Sharing Agreements

The County of Henry, Virginia and the Henry County Industrial Development Authority have entered into three revenue sharing agreements with the City of Martinsville, Virginia.

Two of the agreements, one dated April 30, 2002 and one dated August 31, 2009, are related to the Patriot Centre Industrial Park. The third dated September 25, 2007 is related to the Commonwealth Crossing Business Centre Industrial Park and land currently being referred to as the Bryant Property which is located adjacent to the Patriot Centre Industrial Park.

All these agreements state that the County agrees when a business locates on one of the designated sites in these industrial parks it will pay the City one-third of all revenues generated from real estate, personal property, machinery & tools, and consumer utility taxes. No revenues will be shared until such time the County has recovered the cumulative costs of developing and maintaining the parks.

In the past few years, several businesses have located on revenue sharing lots in the Patriot Centre Industrial Park. Based on the existing businesses, it is estimated it will be more than ten years before the County recovers its costs in order to share revenues.

There are currently no businesses located in the Commonwealth Crossing Business Centre; therefore, the County has not yet started to recover its cost related to this Industrial Park.

77Implementation of GASB Statement No. 65

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* in fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. These statements required changes in account captions in the Statements of Net Position.

28 Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68--Accounting and Financial Reporting Reporting for Pensions--an amendment of GASB No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements 27 and 50 remain applicable for pensions not covered by the scope of this Statement. The provisions of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

29^{Restatement of Net Position}

The following table reflects the restatement of net position due to the implementation of GASB No. 68:

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Henr	nponent Unit ry-Martinsville cial Services
Beginning balance, June 30, 2014 Net pension liability, July 1 Affect of prior year 2014 contributions Restated Net Position, July 1, 2014	\$	54,460,551 (9,286,985) 1,536,587 46,710,153	\$	(269,522) (1,902,154) 314,724 (1,856,952)
				nponent Unit hool Board
Beginning balance, June 30, 2014 Net pension liability, July 1 - Teachers Net pension liability, July 1 - General Emp Affect of prior year 2014 contributions - Tea Affect of prior year 2014 contributions - Ge	ache	rs	\$	24,840,487 (66,067,000) (2,436,621) 4,072,000 374,408
Restated Net Position, July 1, 2014			\$	(39,216,726)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Variance

County of Henry, Virginia

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2015

General Fund

	Original		Final		Fin	With hal Budget Positive
	Original <u>Budget</u>		Budget	Actual		Negative)
Revenues	<u> Duaget</u>		<u> Duuget</u>	Actual	Ţī.	<u>legative</u>
General Property Taxes						
Property taxes - all years	\$ 22,586,023	\$	22,586,023	\$23,396,010	\$	809,987
Penalties - all tax years	240,000		240,000	264,319	•	24,319
Interest - all tax years	130,000		130,000	211,001		81,001
Total General Property Taxes	22,956,023		22,956,023	23,871,330		915,307
Other Local Taxes						
Local sales and use taxes	3,781,000		3,781,000	4,071,411		290,411
Consumer utility tax	2,660,000		2,660,000	2,705,571		45,571
Business license taxes	1,555,000		1,555,000	1,691,904		136,904
Motor vehicle licenses	890,000		890,000	882,334		(7,666)
Bank franchise taxes	158,000		158,000	208,196		50,196
Transient occupancy taxes	106,000		106,000	116,734		10,734
Taxes on recordation and wills	193,000		193,000	200,759		7,759
Restaurant food taxes	1,922,000		1,922,000	2,127,100		205,100
Total Other Local Taxes	11,265,000		11,265,000	12,004,009		739,009
Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses						
Animal licenses	10,000		10,000	10,779		779
Building and related permits	55,000		55,000	45,426		(9,574)
Other permits, licenses, and fees	5,500		5,500	5,097		(403)
Total Permits, Privilege Fees, and						
Regulatory Licenses	70,500		70,500	61,302		(9,198)
Fines and Forfeitures						
Court fines and forfeitures	178,650		178,650	191,984		13,334
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	,		,	,		,
Revenue from use of money	300,000		300,000	330,987		30,987
Revenue from use of property	295,206		318,206	403,168		84,962
		_	010,200	100,100		01,002
Total Revenue from Use of Money and	505.000		040.000	704 455		445.040
Property	595,206		618,206	734,155		115,949
Charges for Services						
Sheriff fees	22,454		22,454	24,007		1,553
Commonwealth's attorney	4,500		4,500	5,346		846
County and hired attorneys	85,000		85,000	105,438		20,438
Law enforcement and traffic control	12,000		13,155	61,070		47,915
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	67,000		67,000	67,653		653
Treasurer's administrative collection fees	6,000		6,000	12,259		6,259
Parks and recreation	50,000		50,000	40,867		(9,133)
Utility bill collection	16,200		16,200	19,250		3,050
Miscellaneous other charges for services	3,800		9,917	20,044		10,127
Total Charges for Services	266,954		274,226	355,934		81,708

Variance

	Original	Final		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Recovered Costs				
Jail costs - Commonwealth of Virginia	313,000	307,584	344,978	37,394
Inmate housing fees	-	50,270	50,270	-
Salary - court secretary	21,000	21,000	24,495	3,495
City share of extension services	7,756	7,756	7,756	-
School share of school resource officer	168,755	168,755	167,930	(825)
EMS fees for service	605,000	718,506	767,347	48,841
M/HC Economic Development Corporation	818,918	948,918	766,192	(182,726)
Harvest Foundation Grant	-	6,743	6,743	-
Local and special grants	- 	38,618	39,613	995
Transportation grants Other recovered costs	59,361	75,045	63,455	(11,590)
	-	20,537	33,866	13,329
Insurance recoveries Miscellaneous refunds	- 255,719	14,000 283,644	57,747 260,175	43,747
				(23,469)
Total Recovered Costs	2,249,509	2,661,376	2,590,567	(70,809)
Miscellaneous	70,000	70,000	85,617	15,617
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia Noncategorical Aid				
Rolling stock taxes - motor vehicle carriers tax	45,000	45,000	45,396	396
Mobile home titling tax	40,000	40,000	43,114	3,114
Tax on deeds	59,000	59,000	54,334	(4,666)
Auto rental sales tax	60,000	60,000	31,313	(28,687)
Personal Property Tax Relief Act funds	1,771,828	1,771,828	1,771,828	-
Communication tax	2,320,000	2,320,000	2,315,299	(4,701)
Total Noncategorical Aid	4,295,828	4,295,828	4,261,284	(34,544)
Categorical Aid Shared Expenses				
Commonwealth's Attorney	572,084	572,084	574,135	2,051
Sheriff	4,182,308	4,195,196	4,198,338	3,142
Commissioner of the Revenue	172,607	172,607	172,794	187
Treasurer	165,859	155,677	154,062	(1,615)
Electoral Board and General Registrar	42,400	42,400	46,007	3,607
Clerk of Circuit Court	433,854	433,854	449,776	15,922
Total Categorical Aid	5,569,112	5,571,818	5,595,112	23,294
Other Categorical Aid				
Emergency services grant	-	106,716	66,500	(40,216)
Fire programs fund	-	194,568	194,567	(1)
Victim witness program	53,235	27,416	27,226	(190)
Transportation grant funds	35,553	35,258	35,258	-
Litter control program	20,943	20,943	20,920	(23)
State EMS Two for Life funds	-	50,481	50,481	-
Other state grants and awards	-	102,903	6,325	(96,578)
Tobacco Indemnification money	-	2,400,000	137,552	(2,262,448)
Asset forfeiture funds		6,919	96,649	89,730
Total Other Categorical Aid	109,731	2,945,204	635,478	(2,309,726)

Variance

	Original	Final		With Final Budget Positive
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	9,974,671	12,812,850	10,491,874	(2,320,976)
	3,31 1,31 1	,0,000		(=,===,=:=)
Revenue from the Federal Government				
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,000	3,000	3,104	104
Emergency services	26,164	1,170,937	666,879	(504,058)
Law enforcement grants	-	100,180	63,798	(36,382)
Victim Witness Program	53,235	82,248	81,679	(569)
Asset forfeiture funds	-	127,573	9,464	(118,109)
Other federal grants	-	397,328	100,552	(296,776)
Transportation grants	60,593	77,916	58,415	(19,501)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	142,992	1,959,182	983,891	(975,291)
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	10,117,663	14,772,032	11,475,765	(3,296,267)
Total Revenues	47,769,505	52,866,013	51,370,663	(1,495,350)
Expenditures				
Current				
General Government Administration				
Board of Supervisors	126,704	126,704	104,436	22,268
County Administrator	331,851	335,831	335,769	62
Independent auditor	55,000	55,000	36,799	18,201
Human resources/training	56,940	57,836	54,478	3,358
County Attorney	163,054	164,484	176,166	(11,682)
Commissioner of Revenue	550,411	555,304	538,390	16,914
Assessors	109,709	110,586	106,719	3,867
Treasurer	566,031	560,104	554,047	6,057
Finance	363,309	367,815	362,839	4,976
Information services	307,394	311,125	301,150	9,975
Central purchasing	204,273	211,801	207,321	4,480
Board of Elections - registrar	238,862	526,073	459,743	66,330
Total General Government Administration	3,073,538	3,382,663	3,237,857	144,806
Judicial Administration				
Circuit Court	91,995	92,583	82,425	10,158
General District Court	17,086	17,086	11,051	6,035
Magistrates	3,060	3,060	2,759	301
Juvenile and Domestic Relations	9,124	9,124	7,666	1,458
Clerk of the Circuit Court	721,109	729,906	715,479	14,427
Sheriff Civil and Court Security	1,027,839	1,069,485	1,031,008	38,477
Victim/Witness Assist	145,000	149,368	135,271	14,097
Commonwealth's Attorney	814,992	825,295	814,761	10,534
Total Judicial Administration	2,830,205	2,895,907	2,800,420	95,487

Variance With

				Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Public Safety				
Law enforcement and traffic control	5,480,669	5,623,064	5,532,331	90,733
Law enforcement and traffic control - grants	-	100,181	63,799	36,382
School resource officer	168,755	170,386	167,930	2,456
Fire and rescue services	954,053	1,522,861	1,217,057	305,804
Emergency medical services	195,390	200,121	184,089	16,032
EMS supplemental services	857,373	1,118,384	975,773	142,611
FEMA Safer Grant	-	1,149,743	641,024	508,719
Fire marshal	284,711	287,066	281,989	5,077
Correction and detention	2,689,088	2,830,288	2,791,375	38,913
Correction and detention - grants	-	16,915	5,580	11,335
Probation	326,100	326,100	248,146	77,954
Code enforcement	333,296	411,799	357,282	54,517
Public safety	121,549	122,748	133,487	(10,739)
Payments to IDA for equipment lease	711,518	711,518	711,005	513
Electronic monitoring	10,230	10,230	9,788	442
Animal control	185,371	188,060	169,540	18,520
Asset forfeiture	-	134,492	82,265	52,227
SPCA	11,667	11,667		11,667
Total Public Safety	12,329,770	14,935,623	13,572,460	1,363,163
Public Works				
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges,				
sidewalks	9,000	9,000	4,852	4,148
Refuse collection	1,687,234	1,690,974	1,575,314	115,660
Refuse disposal - closure maintenance	16,000	20,744	11,561	9,183
Maintenance of buildings and grounds				
General engineering	277,602	279,323	280,244	(921)
Communication equipment	74,796	75,316	67,424	7,892
Administrative building	411,287	424,882	419,448	5,434
Courthouse	328,434	310,030	302,438	7,592
Sheriff's office	54,750	52,950	44,708	8,242
Jail	277,250	278,998	266,017	12,981
Other	280,247	288,236	278,528	9,708
Social services and health department	59,185	68,182	59,319	8,863
Dupont property	163,115	164,117	176,531	(12,414)
Total Maintenance of Buildings and Grounds	1,926,666	1,942,034	1,894,657	47,377
Total Public Works	3,638,900	3,662,752	3,486,384	176,368
Health and Welfare				
Henry-Martinsville Social Services	591,199	614,289	527,915	86,374
Health Department	293,429	293,429	293,429	00,374
Mental health and retardation	117,567	117,567	117,567	_
	165,456	207,681	•	42 852
Transportation grants Property tax relief for the elderly	80,000	80,000	164,829 80,472	42,852 (472)
Group home services	132,985	137,498	137,498	(412)
Other welfare and social services	13,036	13,036	4,036	9,000
		,		
Total Health and Welfare	1,393,672	1,463,500	1,325,746	137,754

Education	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Contributions to community colleges	52,467	52,467	52,467	-
Contributions to component unit - school board	16,652,895	20,422,491	15,719,422	4,703,069
Total Education	16,705,362	20,474,958	15,771,889	4,703,069
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural				
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,026,829	1,068,655	991,535	77,120
Cultural enrichment	102,346	102,346	102,346	-
Library	711,264	711,264	711,264	
Total Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	1,840,439	1,882,265	1,805,145	77,120
Community Development				
Planning and community development	287,954	290,488	284,622	5,866
Engineering and mapping	275,231	280,371	266,995	13,376
M/HC Economic Development Corporation - payroll related	818,918	818,918	750,908	68,010
M/HC Economic Development Corporation	460,500	460,500	460,500	-
Cooperative extension program	54,239	54,239	49,806	4,433
Henry County Industrial Development Authority	1,349,944	4,997,891	1,020,048	3,977,843
Other community and economic development	145,196	219,152	167,505	51,647
Total Community Development	3,391,982	7,121,559	3,000,384	4,121,175
Nondepartmental				
Employee benefits, pooled vehicles, mobile command	106,983	143,404	83,661	59,743
Contingency reserve	149,500	102,025		102,025
Total Nondepartmental	256,483	245,429	83,661	161,768
Capital Projects				
Henry County PSA for water and sewer projects	-	2,830,000	152,835	2,677,165
Other miscellaneous capital projects	331,236	1,713,397	1,011,184	702,213
Total Capital Projects	331,236	4,543,397	1,164,019	3,379,378
Debt Service				
Principal	822,333	822,333	822,333	-
Interest and other costs	18,875	18,875	18,875	<u>-</u> _
Total Debt Service	841,208	841,208	841,208	
Total Expenditures	46,632,795	61,449,261	47,089,173	14,360,088
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,136,710	(8,583,248)	4,281,490	12,864,738
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of capital leases	-	-	193,612	193,612
Transfers to other funds	(1,136,710)	(1,176,881)	(1,050,642)	126,239
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,136,710)	(1,176,881)	(857,030)	319,851

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	(9,760,129)	3,424,460	13,184,589
Transfer from Surplus Funds		9,760,129		(9,760,129)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	3,424,460	\$ 3,424,460
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			30,092,977	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$33,517,437	

Comprehensive Services Act Fund

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues		40.074	. .	
Recovered costs	\$ 42,251	\$ 42,251	\$ 51,369	\$ 9,118
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	652,295	652,295	559,775	(92,520)
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	652,295	652,295	559,775	(92,520)
Total Revenues	694,546	694,546	611,144	(83,402)
Expenditures Current Health and Welfare				
Welfare and social services	1,028,857	1,028,857	889,579	139,278
Total Expenditures	1,028,857	1,028,857	889,579	139,278
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(334,311) (334,311)	(278,435)	55,876
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	334,311	334,311	278,435	(55,876)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	334,311	334,311	278,435	(55,876)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	-	<u>\$</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ -	

E-911 Central Dispatch Fund

	riginal Budget		Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fina P	ariance With al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues Local Revenues						
Recovered costs	\$ 361,219	\$	363,737	\$ 345,275	\$	(18,462)
Total Local Revenues	361,219		363,737	345,275		(18,462)
Intergovernmental Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	 322,071		329,671	 349,093		19,422
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	322,071		329,671	349,093		19,422
Reserve from Surplus	 			 		<u>-</u>
Total Revenues	683,290		693,408	694,368		960
Expenditures Current						
Public safety	 1,488,551		1,512,465	 1,467,556		44,909
Total Expenditures	 1,488,551	_	1,512,465	 1,467,556		44,909
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfers	(805,261)		(819,057)	(773,188)		45,869
Transfer from Other Funds	 722,399	_	730,319	 690,331		(39,988)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	(82,862)		(88,738)	(82,857)		5,881
Transfer from Surplus Funds	 82,862		88,738	 <u>-</u>	-	(88,738)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$ 	\$		(82,857)	\$	(82,857)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				 82,857		
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$ 		

Law Library Fund

		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fina P	uriance With Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues Charges for services Recovered costs	\$	7,000 6,000	\$	7,000 6,000	\$	8,901 6,002	\$	1,901 2
Total Revenues		13,000		13,000		14,903		1,903
Expenditures Current Judicial administration Total Expenditures	_	31,500 31,500	_	31,500 31,500	_	15,183 15,183		16,317 16,317
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus		(18,500)		(18,500)		(280)		18,220
Transfer from Surplus Funds		18,500		18,500				(18,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$	<u>-</u>	\$			(280)	\$	(280)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						125,830		
Fund Balance - End of Year					\$	125,550		

Fieldale Sanitary District Fund

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Ф 750	Ф 750	Ф 005	Ф 05
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 750	\$ 750	<u>\$ 835</u>	<u>\$ 85</u>
Total Revenues	750	750	835	85
Expenditures Current				
Public works	19,500	19,500	17,890	1,610
Total Expenditures	19,500	19,500	17,890	1,610
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	(18,750)	(18,750)	(17,055)	1,695
Transfer from Surplus Funds	18,750	18,750		(18,750)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$ -	<u> </u>	(17,055)	<u>\$ (17,055)</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			142,526	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 125,471	

Special Grant Projects Fund

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	Variance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues							
Recovered costs	\$ -	\$	80,575	\$	38,660	\$	(41,915)
Intergovernmental							, ,
Revenue from the Federal Government			1,516,461		356,313	_	(1,160,148)
Total Revenues	-		1,597,036		394,973		(1,202,063)
Expenditures							
Current							
Community development		_	1,624,639	_	376,616		1,248,023
Total Expenditures		_	1,624,639		376,616	_	1,248,023
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfers	-		(27,603)		18,357		45,960
Transfer from Other Funds		_	22,379	_	1,157		(21,222)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-		(5,224)		19,514		24,738
Transfer from Surplus Funds		_	5,224	_		_	(5,224)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	<u>\$</u>	\$			19,514	\$	19,514
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				_	203,603		
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$	223,117		

Henry County School Board School Fund

Davanua	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 40,000	\$ 89,646	\$ 112,975	\$ 23,329
Charges for services	63,000	606,073	569,906	(36,167)
Recovered costs	411,000	436,600	516,002	79,402
Miscellaneous				
Harvest Foundation	-	512,093	438,649	(73,444)
Other miscellaneous	351,000	351,000	442,201	91,201
Payment from Primary Government - Henry County	16,652,895	20,422,491	15,719,422	(4,703,069)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	45,456,202	48,445,983	47,951,226	(494,757)
Educational Technology - Commonwealth of Virginia	492,000	545,900	482,680	(63,220)
Revenue from the Federal Government	9,653,000	6,687,548	4,970,284	(1,717,264)
QSCB federal loan interest subsidy			141,831	141,831
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	55,601,202	55,679,431	53,546,021	(2,133,410)
Total Revenues	73,119,097	78,097,334	71,345,176	(6,752,158)
Expenditures				
Instruction	44,089,236	46,162,078	44,602,977	1,559,101
Administration, attendance, and health	2,911,747	2,970,508	2,901,542	68,966
Pupil transportation	5,234,637	5,688,676	5,024,392	664,284
Operation and maintenance	6,186,000	6,007,216	5,399,256	607,960
Facilities	284,000	2,755,358	1,164,522	1,590,836
Special grants	9,800,000	9,800,000	7,694,974	2,105,026
Technology Contingency reserve	1,990,676 100,000	2,065,735 100,000	2,017,848	47,887 100,000
Debt Service	100,000	100,000	_	100,000
Principal	1,377,571	1,377,571	1,377,571	-
Interest and other charges	639,218	639,218	632,128	7,090
Total Expenditures	72,613,085	77,566,360	70,815,210	6,751,150
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	506,012	530,974	529,966	(1,008)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(506,012)	(530,974)	(529,966)	1,008
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(506,012)	(530,974)	(529,966)	1,008
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	\$ -	-	<u> </u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ -	

Henry County School Board School Textbook Fund

Revenues	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,980	\$ 15,980
Total Revenues	-	-	15,980	15,980
Expenditures				
Textbooks	506,012	694,726	459,869	234,857
Total Expenditures	506,012	694,726	459,869	234,857
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(506,012)	(694,726)	(443,889)	250,837
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out)	506,012	513,936	513,936	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	506,012	513,936	513,936	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(180,790)	70,047	250,837
Transfer from Surplus Funds		180,790		(180,790)
Net Change after Reserve	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	70,047	\$ 70,047
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			841,633	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 911,680	

Henry County School Board School Cafeteria Fund

Parameter		iginal udget	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin F	ariance With al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues Charges for services	\$	805,200	\$ 1,008,338	\$	809,329	\$	(199,009)
Intergovernmental Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia Revenue from the Federal Government	3	- ,516,638	 - 3,516,638	_	111,213 3,278,354		111,213 (238,284)
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	3	,516,638	 3,516,638		3,389,567		(127,071)
Total Revenues	4	,321,838	4,524,976		4,198,896		(326,080)
Expenditures Cafeteria	4	,321,838	 4,542,619		4,355,739		186,880
Total Expenditures	4	,321,838	 4,542,619		4,355,739		186,880
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	(17,643)		(156,843)		(139,200)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in (out)			 17,038		16,030		(1,008)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 17,038		16,030		(1,008)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(605)		(140,813)		(140,208)
Transfer from Surplus Funds		<u>-</u>	 605				(605)
Net Change after Reserve	\$		\$ <u>-</u>		(140,813)	\$	(140,813)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					688,126		
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$	547,313		

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Year Ended June 30, 2015

real Ended Julie 30, 20	113			
	(Inc	Primary Government ludes Component Unit - Henry- Martinsville ocial Services) 2014		chool Board General Employees 2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	1,744,503	\$	381,575
Interest	Ψ	4,595,301	Ψ	1,183,231
Changes of benefit terms		-,555,561		1,100,201
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		_
Changes in assumptions		_		_
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,138,102)		(1,178,562)
Net change in total pension liability		3,201,702		386,244
Total pension liability - beginning		67,216,208		17,492,57 <u>6</u>
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	70,417,910	\$	17,878,820
Total portion liability of all g	<u> </u>	7 0, 111,010	<u>*</u>	11,010,020
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	1,851,310	\$	374,408
Contributions - employee		720,333		164,972
Net investment income		8,808,287		2,319,132
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,138,102)		(1,178,562)
Administrative expense		(47,504)		(12,938)
Other		464		123
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,194,788		1,667,135
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		56,027,069		15,055,955
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	64,221,857	\$	16,723,090
Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$</u>	6,196,053	\$	1,155,730
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total Pension liability		91.20%		93.54%
Coveredemployee payroll	\$	14,700,626	\$	3,304,105
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		42.15%		34.98%

NOTE: Primary Government figures include the Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

Year Ended June 30, 2015*

	<u>2015</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.47694%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$57,636,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$34,824,957
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its covered-employee payroll	165.502%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
2015					
Primary Government - County (Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)	\$ 1,866,106	\$ 1,866,106	\$ -	\$ 14,834,279	12.58%
NOTE: The Primary Government i	ncludes the Comp	onent Unit - Henry-	-Martinsville Soc	cial Services.	
Component Unit School Board - General Employees	361,881	361,881	-	3,254,767	11.12%
Component Unit School Board - Teachers	5,015,024	5,015,024	-	34,564,083	14.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

For Reference Only:

Column 1 – Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered employee payroll

Column 2 – Actual employer contribution remitted to VRS

Column 3 – Employer's covered employee payroll amount for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component went into effect FY 2014. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

School Division:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Combining Balance Sheet Component Unit - School Board

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	School <u>Fund</u>	School Textbook <u>Fund</u>	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Total Public <u>Schools</u>
Assets				
Cash	\$ 103,545	\$ 1,125,826	\$ 637,650	\$ 1,867,021
Cash - restricted	37,538	-	-	37,538
Receivables - net	735,287	-	8,380	743,667
Due from other funds	214,146	-	16,030	230,176
Due from primary government	640,026	-	-	640,026
Due from other governments	2,624,477		115,008	2,739,485
Total Assets	\$ 4,355,019	\$ 1,125,826	<u>\$ 777,068</u>	\$ 6,257,913
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 368,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 368,372
Accrued salaries and benefits	3,807,133	-	96,259	3,903,392
Due to other funds	16,030	214,146	122 406	230,176
Due to primary government			133,496	133,496
Total Liabilities	4,191,535	214,146	229,755	4,635,436
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unexpended grants	163,484	-	-	163,484
Fund Balances				
Restricted	-	-	547,313	547,313
Assigned		911,680		911,680
Total Fund Balances		911,680	547,313	1,458,993
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 4,355,019	\$ 1,125,826	\$ 777,068	\$ 6,257,913
	Fund Balance	es - per above		\$ 1,458,993
	Capital asset activities are therefore, are	sources and,	23,761,389	
	related to per periods and, the funds	therefore, are r	icable to future not reported in	
		itflows related to lows related to	•	5,376,905 (9,882,428)
	asset and is	aid OPEB liabil not a financial not reported in		m 88,475
	liability and is	•	y is a long-term I resource and, the funds.	(58,791,730)
	liabilities and	d absences are are not due ar eriod; therefore	nd payable in	(762,759)
	•		al Activities	
	inel Position	of Government	ai Activities	<u>\$ (38,751,155)</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Component Unit - School Board

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Y ear E	=na	ea June 30, 2	2015)				
				School		School		Total
		School	Т	extbook		Cafeteria		Public
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		Schools
Revenues								
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	112,975	\$	15,980	\$	_	\$	128,955
Charges for services	Ψ	569,906	Ψ		Ψ	809,329	Ψ	1,379,235
Recovered costs		516,002		_		-		516,002
Miscellaneous		880,850						880,850
Intergovernmental		000,000		_		_		000,000
		45 740 400						15 710 100
County of Henry, Virginia		15,719,422		-		-		15,719,422
Commonwealth of Virginia		48,433,906		-		111,213		48,545,119
Federal		4,970,284		-		3,278,354		8,248,638
QSCB federal loan interest subsidy		141,831				<u>-</u>		141,831
Total Revenues		71,345,176		15,980		4,198,896		75,560,052
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction		44,602,977		459,869		-		45,062,846
Administration, attendance, and health		2,901,542		-		_		2,901,542
Pupil transportation		5,024,392		_		_		5,024,392
Operation and maintenance		5,399,256		_		_		5,399,256
Cafeteria - school food service		0,000,200				4,355,739		4,355,739
		1 164 F00		-		4,300,739		
Facilities		1,164,522		-		-		1,164,522
Special grants		7,694,974		-		-		7,694,974
Technology		2,017,848		-		-		2,017,848
Debt Service								
Principal		1,377,571		-		-		1,377,571
Interest and other charges		632,128				-		632,128
Total Expenditures		70,815,210		459,869		4,355,739		75,630,818
Excess (Deficiency) of Expenditures Over Revenues		529,966		(443,889)		(156,843)		(70,766)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		020,000		(440,000)		(100,040)		(10,100)
Transfers in				513,936		16,030		529,966
		(E20, 000)		513,930		10,030		
Transfers out		(529,966)						(529,966)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(529,966)		513,936		16,030		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		70,047		(140,813)		(70,766)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		-		841,633		688,126		1,529,759
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$		\$	911,680	\$	547,313	\$	1,458,993
	Ψ		Ψ	011,000	Ψ	017,010	÷	
Net Change in Fund Balances - per above							\$	(70,766)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend	litur	es. However	, in t	the Stateme	nt of	Activities,		
the cost of those assets is allocated over the estima								
expense. This is the amount by which depreciation	and	disposition e	exce	eded capital	I outl	avs.		(883,298)
		•				•		(,
Construction related to renovation of school buildings		•						
the debt is in the County name. However, the school				-				
debt is paid off. All debt payments paid by the Scho	OI E	Board are adj	uste	ed and showr	n as I	being paid		
by the County.								748,598
Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of	of a	ccounting wh	erea	s the Stater	nent	of Activities		
for the Governmental Type statements use the full ac	ccru	ıal method in	repo	orting expen	ses a	and liabilities.		
Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net of			-					
Change in Compensated Absences		9		9				18,310
Change in Net OPEB Asset								(107,233)
Change in VRS Deferred Outflows								5,376,905
_								
Change in Net VRS pension liability							_	(4,616,945)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	465,571
		89						

Statement of Net Position

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

At June 30, 2015

Assets Current Assets	Industrial Site Proje <u>Fund #37</u>	ct	Main Operating <u>Fund #45</u>	Total Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
Cash Due from other governmental unit Receivables - net	\$ 12,4 2,178,8		414,303 52,650 5,487	\$ 414,303 65,056 2,184,345
Inventory	14,057,5		14,140,506	28,198,070
Total Current Assets	16,248,8	28	14,612,946	30,861,774
Noncurrent Assets Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation Notes receivables - net		- <u>-</u> _	4,939 1,011,360	4,939 1,011,360
Total Noncurrent Assets			1,016,299	1,016,299
Total Assets	\$ 16,248,8	<u>28</u> \$	15,629,245	\$ 31,878,073
Liabilities Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 23,2	200 \$ - <u>-</u> _	473,956 30,762 436,488	\$ 497,156 30,762 436,488
Total Current Liabilities	23,2	200	941,206	964,406
Long-Term Liabilities Long-term debt - due in more than one year Due to primary government - Henry County, VA	2,168,0	- 164	4,365,188 509,618	4,365,188 2,677,682
Total Long-Term Liabilities	2,168,0	64	4,874,806	7,042,870
Total Liabilities	2,191,2	64	5,816,012	8,007,276
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unexpended grants payable		-	251,299	251,299
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	14,057,5	- 664	4,939 9,556,995	4,939 23,614,559
Total Net Position	14,057,5	64	9,561,934	23,619,498
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 16,248,8	<u>28</u> <u>\$</u>	15,629,245	\$ 31,878,073

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	S	ndustrial ite Project Fund #37	Main Operating Fund #45	D	Total Industrial evelopment <u>Authority</u>
Operating Revenues					
Payment from primary government	\$	24,077	\$ 995,971	\$	1,020,048
Tobacco Indemnification revenues		7,759,678	2,085,000		9,844,678
Governor's Opportunity Fund		-	550,000		550,000
Other state grants		-	52,650		52,650
Miscellaneous		-	257,500		257,500
Harvest Foundation		2,415,247	-		2,415,247
EDC share of costs		-	272,099		272,099
City of Martinsville share of costs		12,039	 <u> </u>		12,039
Total Operating Revenues		10,211,041	4,213,220		14,424,261
Operating Expenses					
Economic development		-	3,384,396		3,384,396
Depreciation			 635,556		635,556
Total Operating Expenses			 4,019,952		4,019,952
Operating Income		10,211,041	193,268		10,404,309
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest income		-	70,752		70,752
Sale of property		-	50,000		50,000
Rental of property		-	711,004		711,004
Interest expense and bond issue costs			 (127,120)		(127,120)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		<u>-</u>	 704,636		704,636
Change in Net Position		10,211,041	897,904		11,108,945
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		3,846,523	 8,664,030		12,510,553
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$	14,057,564	\$ 9,561,934	\$	23,619,498

Statement of Cash Flows

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2015

rear Ended June 30, 20	115			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Industrial Site Project Fund #37		Main Operating Fund #45	Total Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
Receipts from primary government Other miscellaneous receipts Harvest Foundation State grants Purchase of inventory for resale	\$ 24,077 - 1,000,000 7,420,480 (10,300,389)		995,971 606,128 - 2,635,000 (359,859)	\$ 1,020,048 606,128 1,000,000 10,055,480 (10,660,248)
Cash paid for economic development	<u> </u>		(3,509,623)	(3,509,623)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(1,855,832)		367,617	(1,488,215)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Payments on Due to / Due from accounts from primary government	1,855,832		(1,147,465)	708,367
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	1,855,832		(1,147,465)	708,367
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Payments of principal on long-term debt Interest payments on long-term debt	<u>-</u>		(467,515) (123,985)	(467,515) (123,985)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	-		(591,500)	(591,500)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Rental income Sale of property Interest income	- - 		711,004 50,000 70,752	711,004 50,000 70,752
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities			831,756	831,756
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-		(539,592)	(539,592)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	-		953,895	953,895
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	414,303	\$ 414,303
Operating income	\$10,211,041	\$	193,268	\$ 10,404,309
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	•,=,•	•		
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities	-		635,556	635,556
Receivables	(1,254,445)		280,080	(974,365)
Due from City of Martinsville	(12,039)		-	(12,039)
Inventory	(10,211,041)		(617,359)	(10,828,400)
Unexpended grants payable Accounts payable	(500,000) (89,348)		1,299 (125,227)	(498,701) (214,575)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ (1,855,832)		367,617	\$ (1,488,215)

Balance Sheet

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

At June 30, 2015

Assets	
Cash	\$ 48,054
Accounts receivable, net	3,489
Due from other governments	691,819
Total Assets	<u>\$ 743,362</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities	
Accrued liabilities	\$ 37,970
Due to County of Henry, Virginia	705,392
Total Liabilities	743,362
Fund Balance	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 743,362
Fund Balance - per above	\$ -
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	51,040
The net prepaid OPEB liability is a long-term asset and is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	81,140
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	317,238
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(667,469)
The net VRS pension liability is a long-term asset and is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(1,053,329)
Compensated absences are long-term liabilities and are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(337,341)
	<u> </u>
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$(1,608,721)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues	
Payments from County of Henry, Virginia	\$ 527,915
Payments from City of Martinsville, Virginia	291,901
Miscellaneous refunds and revenues	28,089
Intergovernmental Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia Revenue from the Federal Government	 1,915,971 3,411,258
Total Intergovernmental	 5,327,229
Total Revenues	6,175,134
Expenditures Health and welfare	 6,175,134
Net Change in Fund Balance	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ <u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance - per above	\$ -
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation.	4,896
Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts:	
Change in Compensated Absences Change in Net OPEB Asset Change in VRS Deferred Outflows Change in Net VRS pension liability	 63,808 (4,343) 317,238 (133,368)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 248,231

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Agency Fund - Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc.

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues	
Interest income	\$ 63
Donations	5,150
County of Henry contribution	19,127
City of Martinsville contribution	19,090
Local grants	22,720
Federal grants	15,000
Miscellaneous	991
Total Revenues	82,141
Expenditures	
Salaries	32,357
Fringe benefits	4,695
Professional services	970
Depreciation	1,035
Other	30,322
Total Expenditures	69,379
Net Change in Amounts Held for Others	12,762
Amounts Held for Others - Beginning of Year	55,116
Amounts Held for Others - End of Year	\$ 67,878

OTHER INFORMATION SECTION



General Governmental Revenues by Source⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

\$107 721 062
\$107,721,962
114,238,397
115,509,104
119,063,182
115,800,157
115,785,642
115,305,553
113,924,935
114,800,773
118,574,735

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and Component Units - School Board and Social Services.

⁽²⁾ Payments from County of Henry, Virginia to the Component Units - School Board and Social Services are excluded from intergovernmental revenues.

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)(2)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Gov. Admini- stration	Judicial Admini- stration	Public <u>Safety</u>	Public Works	Health and Welfare	Education	Parks, Recreation, and <u>Cultural</u>	Community Develop- ment	Non- Depart- mental	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital Projects ⁽³⁾	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$2,759,517	\$2,299,953	\$11,551,916	\$3,038,015	\$7,036,536	\$70,526,351	\$1,652,420	\$3,082,520	\$214,601	\$2,374,446	\$ -	\$ 104,536,275
2007	2,841,009	2,381,242	10,921,945	3,182,094	7,145,129	80,903,238	1,718,770	3,247,917	12,822	2,211,316	2,969,089	117,534,571
2008	2,957,629	2,595,729	11,566,312	3,550,417	7,639,331	81,419,251	1,756,762	5,008,458	20,103	2,710,262	2,225,500	121,449,754
2009	2,937,885	2,526,546	12,866,694	3,152,799	8,029,924	78,213,843	1,792,030	4,390,487	88,832	3,617,838	1,740,706	119,357,584
2010	2,887,154	2,482,649	12,241,610	3,071,751	7,967,127	76,139,038	1,752,236	2,798,099	48,338	3,474,700	2,382,271	115,244,973
2011	2,933,146	2,500,200	13,261,320	3,330,174	7,613,384	71,466,806	1,713,172	3,416,240	4,650	2,583,513	2,149,577	110,972,182
2012	2,941,801	2,491,649	13,046,844	3,121,304	7,798,792	78,781,597	1,746,487	2,910,237	74,988	2,790,336	2,649,852	118,353,887
2013	2,961,920	2,638,640	13,865,659	3,307,047	7,556,889	74,235,340	1,997,811	4,185,859	149,833	2,727,331	392,263	114,018,592
2014	3,022,708	2,727,076	14,610,351	3,328,411	7,602,105	73,570,985	1,762,935	3,337,157	14,401	2,808,718	344,113	113,128,960
2015	3,237,857	2,815,603	15,040,016	3,504,274	7,862,544	73,673,586	1,805,145	3,377,000	83,661	2,850,907	1,164,019	115,414,612

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and Component Units - School Board and Social Services.

⁽²⁾ Payments from County of Henry, Virginia to the Component Units - School Board and Social Services are excluded from the respective function.

⁽³⁾ Capital projects included on schedule starting fiscal year 2007.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Machinery		
Fiscal	Real	Personal	Mobile	and	Public	
<u>Year</u>	Estate	Property	Homes	Tools	Service	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$ 2,425,535,000	\$ 329,734,102	\$35,541,852	\$ 315,503,025	\$ 128,647,847	\$3,234,961,826
2007	2,474,852,700	361,648,966	36,723,110	329,586,082	127,296,205	3,330,107,063
2008	2,488,039,444	345,073,303	32,921,111	314,957,563	121,445,558	3,302,436,979
2009	2,517,050,185	364,278,309	32,545,185	314,962,269	117,198,478	3,346,034,426
2010	2,959,808,261	340,139,112	27,630,435	322,826,723	134,488,696	3,784,893,227
2011	2,960,170,435	342,974,030	27,318,696	328,036,218	149,576,812	3,808,076,191
2012	2,968,408,913	353,755,049	27,404,565	280,113,782	142,520,626	3,772,202,935
2013	2,987,070,870	358,575,743	27,320,870	262,429,189	149,525,937	3,784,922,609
2014	2,858,290,984	372,927,906	23,448,770	287,966,081	150,385,203	3,693,018,944
2015	2,865,947,336	386,921,487	24,055,943	293,438,784	160,532,186	3,730,895,736

Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Rates per Hundred Dollars of Assessed Valuation

Fiscal Real Year Estate		Personal <u>Property</u>		Mobile <u>Homes</u>	Equipment/ Machinery and Tools		
2006	\$	0.54	\$	1.48	\$ 0.54	\$	1.19
2007		0.54		1.48	0.54		1.19
2008		0.54		1.48	0.54		1.19
2009		0.54		1.48	0.54		1.19
2010		0.46		1.48	0.46		1.19
2011		0.46		1.48	0.46		1.19
2012		0.46		1.48	0.46		1.48
2013		0.46		1.48	0.46		1.48
2014		0.488		1.48	0.488		1.48
2015		0.488		1.48	0.488		1.48

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Percent of		Percent of
			Percent	Delinquent		Total Tax	Outstanding	Delinquent
Fiscal	Total	Current Tax	of Levy	Tax	Total Tax	Collections	Delinquent	Taxes to
<u>Year</u>	Tax Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	to Tax Levy	<u>Taxes</u>	Tax Levy
2006	\$22,399,726	\$21,318,128	95.17%	\$1,237,452	\$22,555,580	100.70%	\$ 3,748,689	16.74%
2007	23,288,657	22,273,650	95.64%	904,648	23,178,298	99.53%	3,468,909	14.90%
2008	22,887,615	21,986,728	96.06%	655,530	22,642,258	98.93%	3,470,897	15.16%
2009	23,299,439	22,271,371	95.59%	778,839	23,050,210	98.93%	3,623,359	15.55%
2010	22,984,112	22,025,810	95.83%	978,941	23,004,751	100.09%	3,499,486	15.23%
2011	23,165,358	21,919,693	94.62%	1,166,778	23,086,471	99.66%	3,054,362	13.19%
2012	22,739,964	21,732,919	95.57%	991,384	22,724,303	99.93%	2,956,764	13.00%
2013	23,746,769	22,741,314	95.77%	940,165	23,681,479	99.73%	3,038,563	12.80%
2014	24,580,458	23,559,604	95.84%	1,019,691	24,579,295	99.99%	3,151,339	12.82%
2015	24,957,730	24,023,981	96.26%	1,143,857	25,167,838	100.84%	3,018,626	12.09%

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Taxable Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Population ⁽¹⁾	Assessed <u>Value</u> ⁽²⁾	Net Bonded <u>Debt</u> ⁽³⁾	Ratio on Net Bonded Debt to Assessed <u>Value</u>	Net Bonded Debt Per <u>Capita</u>
2006	57,930	\$3,234,961,826	\$ 16,598,967	0.51%	\$ 287
2007	57,930	3,330,107,063	21,122,673	0.63%	365
2008	57,930	3,302,436,979	22,089,515	0.67%	381
2009	57,930	3,346,034,426	20,205,360	0.60%	349
2010	57,930	3,784,893,227	20,382,763	0.54%	352
2011	54,151	3,808,076,191	22,022,461	0.58%	407
2012	54,151	3,772,202,935	20,143,789	0.53%	372
2013	54,151	3,869,287,960	18,221,319	0.47%	336
2014	54,151	3,693,018,944	16,145,808	0.44%	298
2015	54,151	3,730,895,736	14,139,516	0.38%	261

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Center, University of Virginia, Latest Census Records.

⁽²⁾ From Table 3.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bond anticipation notes, Literary Fund loans, and Recovery Zone bonds. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, compensated absences, OPEB obligation, and landfill closure monitoring liability.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures $^{(1)(3)}$

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Ratio of
				Total	Debt Service
			Total	General	to General
Fiscal			Debt	Governmental	Government
<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Service</u>	Expenditures ⁽²⁾	Expenditures
2006	\$1,777,286	\$ 597,160	\$2,374,446	\$ 104,536,275	2.27%
2007	1,486,022	725,294	2,211,316	117,534,571	1.88%
2008	1,744,629	965,633	2,710,262	121,449,754	2.23%
2009	1,884,155	1,022,165	2,906,320	119,357,584	2.43%
2010	1,822,155	940,585	2,762,740	115,244,973	3 2.40%
2011	1,760,302	823,211	2,583,513	110,972,182	2.33%
2012	1,878,672	911,664	2,790,336	118,353,887	2.36%
2013	1,922,470	804,861	2,727,331	114,018,592	2.39%
2014	2,075,511	733,207	2,808,718	113,128,960	2.48%
2015	2,199,904	651,003	2,850,907	115,414,612	2.47%

Amounts taken from Table 2.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes debt service payments on short-term notes payable and capital leases.

⁽²⁾ Beginning in 2006, the amounts paid to Component Unit - School Board are no longer shown as transfers.

⁽³⁾ Excludes Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority debt.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Henry, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crudh, Jones & alga, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia January 18, 2016

Robin B. Jones, CPA, CFP David V. Alga, CPA, CVA, CFF Denise C. Williams, CPA, CSEP Scott A. Thompson, CPA, CGMA James A. Allen, Jr., CPA Nadine L. Chase, CPA Kimberly W. Jackson, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations; and Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Henry, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Henry, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Creedle, Jones & alga, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia January 18, 2016

Robin B. Jones, CPA, CFP David V. Alga, CPA, CVA, CFF Denise C. Williams, CPA, CSEP Scott A. Thompson, CPA, CGMA James A. Allen, Jr., CPA Nadine L. Chase, CPA Kimberly W. Jackson, CPA

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA'S LAWS, REGULATIONS, CONTRACTS, AND GRANTS

To the Board of Supervisors County of Henry, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2016.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the County of Henry, Virginia, is the responsibility of the County of Henry, Virginia's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the basic financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants for which we performed tests of compliance:

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investments
Conflicts of Interest
Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement
Unclaimed Property
Personal Property Tax Relief Act

State Agency Requirements

- Social Services
- Education
- Comprehensive Services Act Funds
- Economic Development Opportunity Fund

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County of Henry, Virginia had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Supervisors, County of Henry, Virginia's management, Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and applicable state agencies, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Creedle, Jones & alga, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia January 18, 2016

County of Henry, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program	Federal Catalog Number	State Agency Number	Expenditures
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
U. S. Department of Interior			
Direct Payments			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes - Public Law	15.226	N/A	\$ 3,104
Clean Vessel Act	15.616	N/A	2,250
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Interior			5,354
U. S. Department of Transportation			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Transportation - VDOT	20.205	501	4,630
			1,000
Department of Motor Vehicles	00.007	500	40.540
Ground transportation and other law enforcement	20.607	530	16,548
Ground transportation and other law enforcement	20.600	530 530	4,323
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	550	6,266
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Transportation			31,767
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Payments			
Communities Facilities Grant	10.766	N/A	50,700
Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities Grant	93.617	132	878
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Payments Southern Area Agency on Aging			
Transportation Grant - Special Programs for Aging Title III B	93.044	N/A	54,919
Transportation Grant - Special Programs for Aging Title III D	93.043	N/A	3,496
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			58,415
U. S. Department of Justice			
Direct Payments			
Equitable Sharing Program - Asset Forfeiture Sheriff	16.922	N/A	9,464
JAG grants	16.738	N/A	26,189
Bulletproof vests	16.607	N/A	10,473
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Criminal Justice Services - Victim witness	16.575	140	81,679
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Justice			127,805
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Housing and Community Development			
Community Development Block Grant - States Program	14.228	165	376,933
U. S. Department of Homeland Security			
Direct Payments			0.40 = 4=
FEMA-SAFER (Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response)	97.083	N/A	640,715
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Emergency Management	07.042	107	26.464
Emergency Preparedness Emergency Response and Recovery - Hazard Mitigation	97.042 97.039	127 127	26,164 23,723
	a1.038	141	
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Homeland Security			690,602
Total - Primary Government			1,342,454

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program	Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	State Agency Number	Expenditures
HENRY-MARTINSVILLE SOCIAL SERVICES			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Social Services			
Food Stamp Cluster			
Administration for Food Stamp Program	10.561	765	569,169
Total Food Stamp Cluster			569,169
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Agriculture			569,169
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Social Services			
Child Care Cluster			
Child care and development fund	93.596	765	108,903
Total Child Care Cluster			108,903
Department of Social Services			
Temporary assistance for needy families	93.558	765	737,075
Family preservation and support	93.556	765	20,993
Refugee and entrant assistance	93.566	765	1,014
Low income home energy assistance	93.568	765	76,166
Child welfare services	93.645	765	4,770
ILP education and training vouchers	93.599	765	533
Adoption incentive payments	93.603	765	2,268
Foster care - Title IV-E	93.658	765	340,472
Adoption assistance	93.659	765	307,089
Independent living	93.674	765	6,542
State children's insurance program	93.767	765	25,413
Social services block grant	93.667	765	457,881
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)	93.778	765	752,970
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,842,089
Total - Henry-Martinsville Social Services			3,411,258

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Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/	Federal Catalog	State Agency	
Grant Program	Number		Expenditures
SCHOOL BOARD			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Payments			
Department of Education	10 FF0	NI/A	440.000
USDA Summer Feed Program (part of Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	N/A	142,023
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Education Food distribution - donated commodities	10 550	107	1 662
Food distribution - donated commodities Food distribution - donated commodities	10.559	197 107	1,663
	10.555	197	256,236
Fresh Fruit and Vegetables	10.582	197	134,236
Child Nutrition Cluster	40.550	407	000 440
School Breakfast Program	10.553	197	893,118
National School Lunch Program	10.555	197	2,108,977
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			3,002,095
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Agriculture			3,536,253
U. S. Department of Education			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA 611 Flow-Through	84.027	197	1,768,173
Interpreter training	84.027	197	9,627
Preschool Handicapped Allocations	84.173	197	72,975
Total Special Education Cluster			1,850,775
Title I Cluster			
Title I grants to local education agencies	84.010	197	2,344,962
Title 1 grants to local caddation agencies	04.010	137	2,044,002
Adult education - state administered basic grant program	84.002	197	132,736
Vocational education (Carl Perkins) - CTE federal payments	84.048	197	161,851
Title III - Language Acquisition	84.365	197	40,864
AP Testing Fees - Comprehensive School Reform	84.330	197	6,280
Title VI Part B Rural and Low Income	84.358	197	91,432
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	197	341,384
	01.007	107	
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Education			4,970,284
Subtotal - School Board			8,506,537
Grand Totals			\$ 13,260,249

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Federal Financial Assistance – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and OMB Circular A-133 define federal financial assistance as grants, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations or other assistance. Nonmonetary deferral assistance including food commodities is considered federal assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals.

Direct Payments – Assistance received directly from the Federal government is classified as direct payments on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Pass-through Payments – Assistance received in a pass-through relationship from entities other than the Federal government is classified as pass-through payments on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Major Programs – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133 establish the criteria to be used in defining major programs. Major programs for the County were determined using a risk-based approach in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance – The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) is a government-wide compendium of individual federal programs. Each program included in the catalog is assigned a five-digit program identification number (CFDA Number), which is reflected in the accompanying schedule.

Cluster of Programs – Closely related programs that share common compliance requirements are grouped into clusters of programs. A cluster of programs is considered as one federal program for determining major programs.

2. Nonmonetary Assistance

In addition to amounts reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the County consumed nonmonetary assistance in the form of food commodities. Commodities with a fair value of \$257,899 at the time received were consumed during the year ended June 30, 2015. These commodities were included in the determination of federal awards expended during the year ended June 30, 2015.

3. Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental Federal Revenues per the Basic Financial Statements

Primary Government		
General Fund	\$	983,891
Special Grant Projects Fund		356,313
Enterprise Fund - Philpott Marina		2,250
Total Primary Government		1,342,454
Component Units		
School Operating Fund		4,970,284
School Cafeteria Fund		3,278,354
Total Component Unit School Board		8,248,638
Henry-Martinsville Social Services	_	3,411,258
Grand Total - Federal Expenditures	,	13,002,350
Add: Amounts Reported on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Not in Financial Statements		
School Cafeteria Fund - Food Commodities	_	257,899
Total Federal Expenditures per Basic Financial Statements	<u>\$</u>	13,260,249

Total Federal Expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$13,260,249

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- (a) The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements of the County of Henry, Virginia.
- (b) **No deficiencies** relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- (c) **No instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements of the County of Henry, Virginia were disclosed during the audit.
- (d) **No deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133.
- (e) The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the County of Henry, Virginia expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- (f) There were **no audit findings** relative to the major federal award programs for the County of Henry, Virginia to be reported in this schedule.
- (g) The programs tested as major programs included:
 - 1. CFDA #'s10.553,10.555, and 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster
 - 2. CFDA #93.778, Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Title XIX)
 - 3. CFDA #97.083, FEMA Safer Grant
- (h) The **threshold for** distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$397,806.
- (i) The County of Henry, Virginia was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

2. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

 FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

FINDINGS

There were no findings in the prior year.